

[STAFF WORKING DRAFT]

JULY 18, 2014

113TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

S. _____

To invest in innovation through research and development, to improve the competitiveness of the United States, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

_____ introduced the following bill; which was read twice
and referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

To invest in innovation through research and development,
to improve the competitiveness of the United States,
and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.**

4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
5 “America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2014” or
6 “America Creating Opportunities to Meaningfully Pro-

1 mote Excellence in Technology, Education, and Science
2 Reauthorization Act of 2014”.

3 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents of
4 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Definitions.

TITLE I—OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY

- Sec. 101. Definition of Federal science agency.
- Sec. 102. Federal research and development funding.
- Sec. 103. 5-year STEM education strategic plan.
- Sec. 104. Administrative burdens in Federally-sponsored research.
- Sec. 105. Prize competitions.
- Sec. 106. Repeal of Space Act limitation on prize competitions.
- Sec. 107. Coordinated Federal science agency policy for caregivers.

TITLE II—NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

- Sec. 201. Definitions.
- Sec. 202. NASA education programs.
- Sec. 203. Experimental program to stimulate competitive research.
- Sec. 204. Foundational engineering.

TITLE III—NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC
ADMINISTRATION

- Sec. 301. NOAA education programs.

TITLE IV—NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND
TECHNOLOGY

- Sec. 401. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 402. Manufacturing extension partnership.
- Sec. 403. Education and outreach.
- Sec. 404. National Institute of Standards and Technology Foundation.
- Sec. 405. Scientific and technical conferences.
- Sec. 406. Standards and conformity assessment.
- Sec. 407. Visiting committee on advanced technology.
- Sec. 408. Grants and cooperative agreements.
- Sec. 409. Consumer Product Safety Commission.

TITLE V—SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY, ENGINEERING, AND
MATHEMATICS SUPPORT PROGRAMS

Subtitle A—National Science Foundation

- Sec. 501. Definitions.
- Sec. 502. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 503. Sense of Congress on National Science Foundation basic research investments.
- Sec. 504. National Science Foundation merit review.

- Sec. 505. National Science Foundation STEM program contribution and research dissemination.
- Sec. 506. STEM teacher training.
- Sec. 507. Robert Noyce Teacher Scholarship Program.
- Sec. 508. Early undergraduate research opportunities.
- Sec. 509. Informal STEM education.
- Sec. 510. Broadening participation.
- Sec. 511. Prizes and challenges for broadening participation.
- Sec. 512. Commercialization grants.
- Sec. 513. National Science Foundation Innovation Corps.
- Sec. 514. Graduate traineeship grant program.
- Sec. 515. The experimental program to stimulate competitive research.
- Sec. 516. Assessing national K-12 science and engineering proficiency.
- Sec. 517. Integrative Graduate Education and Research Traineeship program.
- Sec. 518. STEM education partnerships.

Subtitle B—STEM Secondary Schools

- Sec. 521. Report on STEM secondary schools.
- Sec. 522. Funding for STEM secondary schools.

TITLE VI—INNOVATION

Subtitle A—Innovation Ecosystems

- Sec. 611. Regional innovation program.
- Sec. 612. Workforce studies.

Subtitle B—National Nanotechnology Initiative

- Sec. 621. Short title.
- Sec. 622. Findings.
- Sec. 623. Enhancement of management of National Nanotechnology Initiative.
- Sec. 624. Quadrennial reports by National Nanotechnology Advisory Panel.
- Sec. 625. Quadrennial external review of National Nanotechnology Initiative.
- Sec. 626. Nanotechnology transfer, commercialization, and roadmaps.
- Sec. 627. Publication of data concerning nanotechnology.
- Sec. 628. National Science Foundation evaluation of investments of National Nanotechnology Initiative in education and workforce training.
- Sec. 629. Sharing of best practices of centers, networks, and user facilities.
- Sec. 630. Sense of Congress regarding environment, health, and safety matters concerning nanotechnology.

1 **SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.**

2 In this Act:

- 3 (1) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CON-
- 4 GRESS.—The term “appropriate committees of Con-
- 5 gress” means the Committee on Commerce, Science,
- 6 and Transportation of the Senate and the Com-

1 mittee on Science, Space, and Technology of the
2 House of Representatives.

3 (2) STEM.—The term “STEM” has the mean-
4 ing given the term in section 2 of the America COM-
5 PETES Reauthorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C.
6 6621 note).

7 **TITLE I—OFFICE OF SCIENCE**
8 **AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY**

9 **SEC. 101. DEFINITION OF FEDERAL SCIENCE AGENCY.**

10 In this title, the term “Federal science agency” has
11 the meaning given the term in section 103 of the America
12 COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C.
13 6623).

14 **SEC. 102. FEDERAL RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT FUND-**
15 **ING.**

16 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
17 gress that—

18 (1) investments in research and development
19 activities have historically delivered significant bene-
20 fits, including contributing to economic growth,
21 workforce development, national security, and other
22 priorities;

23 (2) maintaining U.S. economic competitiveness
24 requires a robust research foundation, the promotion

1 of a scientifically literate workforce, and the effective
2 commercialization of research products;

3 (3) many research and development initiatives,
4 due to the long time periods required to achieve
5 completion, can benefit from stable and predictable
6 investments and from multi-year financial planning;

7 (4) the Federal science agencies should receive
8 sustained and steady growth in funding for research
9 and development activities, including basic research,
10 across a wide range of disciplines, including physical
11 and life sciences, mathematics, engineering, and so-
12 cial, behavioral, and economic sciences;

13 (5) to enhance and maintain the quality and
14 credibility of Federal research and development
15 funding decisions, the Federal science agencies
16 should continue—

17 (A) to utilize competitive, merit-review
18 processes in evaluating external proposals for
19 research and development funding; and

20 (B) to solicit advice from independent sci-
21 entific advisory boards and committees.

22 (b) DECLARATION OF POLICY.—Since scientific re-
23 search and development activities constitute a national
24 need, it is the policy of the United States that—

1 (1) in developing and implementing their re-
2 search and development strategies, Federal agencies
3 should encourage collaboration among industry, the
4 Federal Government, academia, and other public
5 and non-profit entities; and

6 (2) Federal research and development funding
7 priorities should be guided by the scientific advisory
8 committees and boards of the Federal science agen-
9 cies.

10 **SEC. 103. 5-YEAR STEM EDUCATION STRATEGIC PLAN.**

11 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
12 ings:

13 (1) According to economic projections, the de-
14 mand for STEM professionals in the United States
15 will outpace availability over the next decade.

16 (2) Some critical industries already face the re-
17 duced availability of young STEM professionals.

18 (3) Increasing the number and diversity of stu-
19 dents trained in STEM fields and retaining STEM
20 professionals is critical to supporting U.S. competi-
21 tiveness within a global economy.

22 (4) STEM literacy, a basic understanding of
23 STEM concepts and principles, is critical to U.S.
24 consumers' evaluation of scientific information and
25 to informing national, local, and personal decisions

1 in a range of areas, including healthcare and crimi-
2 nal justice.

3 (5) In identifying priority investment areas,
4 strategic objectives, proposed actions, and evaluation
5 metrics, the Federal 5-year STEM education stra-
6 tegic plan required by section 101 of the America
7 COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010 (42
8 U.S.C. 6621) provides an important step toward op-
9 timizing Federal STEM education efforts.

10 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
11 gress that updates to the Federal 5-year STEM education
12 strategic plan, actions to implement the plan and its up-
13 dates, and the Federal STEM education investments
14 should—

15 (1) support the development of a STEM work-
16 force that is responsive to the needs of Federal,
17 State, and local governments, and of industry and
18 academia;

19 (2) leverage and incorporate the expertise of a
20 broad range of STEM educators and beneficiaries,
21 including—

22 (A) public and private sector employers
23 that rely on an educated STEM workforce;

24 (B) institutions of higher education;

1 (C) non-profit STEM education groups
2 and informal STEM education providers; and

3 (D) Federal, State, and local agencies in-
4 volved in STEM education;

5 (3) consistently rely on evidence-based ap-
6 proaches in determining which Federal STEM pro-
7 grams should be maintained, expanded, reorganized,
8 or cancelled;

9 (4) encourage student exposure to scientists
10 and engineers by maintaining the role of Federal
11 STEM agencies, such as the National Aeronautics
12 and Space Administration, and STEM professionals
13 in education and outreach activities; and

14 (5) support active, collaborative, and inquiry-
15 based STEM learning approaches that develop cre-
16 ative thinking and critical analysis skills rather than
17 solely emphasizing memorization.

18 (c) COMPETES REAUTHORIZATION AMEND-
19 MENTS.—Section 101 of the America COMPETES Reau-
20 thorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 6621) is amended by
21 adding at the end the following:

22 “(d) PUBLIC REVIEW AND COMMENT.—The Chair of
23 the National Science and Technology Council Committee
24 on STEM Education shall publish in the Federal Register
25 notice of any pending draft updates to the 5-year STEM

1 education strategic plan and provide an opportunity for
2 public comment on the draft updated plan. To encourage
3 alignment between the plan and national STEM needs, the
4 Chair shall encourage comment, in particular, from State
5 and local educational agencies, informal education groups,
6 nonprofit STEM education organizations, STEM-related
7 industries, and institutions of higher education, including
8 community colleges.

9 “(e) INFORMAL EDUCATION.—In updating and im-
10 plementing the 5-year STEM education strategic plan, the
11 National Science and Technology Council Committee on
12 STEM Education shall develop guidance and best prac-
13 tices for Federal agencies on incorporating and encour-
14 aging informal STEM education efforts to support youth
15 and public engagement in STEM fields.

16 “(f) STEM CAREER AWARENESS.—In updating and
17 implementing the strategic plan, the National Science and
18 Technology Council Committee on STEM Education shall
19 consider Federal cross-agency efforts to improve aware-
20 ness of STEM careers among K-12 students, including
21 among underrepresented and rural populations.”.

22 (d) SENSE OF CONGRESS; STEM REORGANIZA-
23 TION.—It is the sense of Congress that Federal STEM
24 education programs benefit from the participation and
25 leadership of the Federal science agencies and from the

1 involvement of scientists and engineers in the development
2 and implementation of STEM curricula. Any reorganiza-
3 tion of Federal STEM education programs that dimin-
4 ishes the participation of Federal science agency scientists
5 or engineers, including in the awarding of STEM-related
6 education grants, should be avoided.

7 **SEC. 104. ADMINISTRATIVE BURDENS IN FEDERALLY-SPON-**
8 **SORED RESEARCH.**

9 (a) **ESTABLISHMENT.**—The Director of the Office of
10 Science and Technology Policy shall convene a sub-
11 committee on research productivity under the Committee
12 on Science of the National Science and Technology Coun-
13 cil, consistent with the Committee’s charter obligation to
14 increase the productivity of Federally-sponsored research
15 efforts.

16 (1) **MEMBERSHIP.**—The subcommittee shall
17 consist, at a minimum, of representatives from the
18 Department of Health and Human Services, the Na-
19 tional Science Foundation, and the Office of Man-
20 agement and Budget.

21 (2) **RECOMMENDATIONS.**—The subcommittee
22 shall develop and propose for adoption by the Fed-
23 eral science agencies, recommendations for reducing
24 the costs and administrative burdens associated with
25 competing for, completing, and reporting on Federal

1 research grants. The recommendations may include
2 changes to the requirements, procedures, and docu-
3 mentation for—

4 (A) grant proposal submission, such as col-
5 lecting information only if necessary for merit
6 review;

7 (B) conflict of interest reporting;

8 (C) budget reports, such as by making the
9 requirements commensurate to the size of the
10 Federal grant awarded;

11 (D) annual progress reports, such as by
12 making the requirements commensurate to the
13 size of the Federal grant awarded and to the
14 level of risk; and

15 (E) meeting the regulations established by
16 the major Federal research agencies and the
17 Office of Management and Budget, including
18 those regulations relating to training, Institu-
19 tional Review Boards, payroll certification, and
20 budget auditing.

21 (b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The subcommittee shall—

22 (1) compile and periodically update a list of all
23 Federal regulations and requirements that apply to
24 Federally-sponsored research and development ac-
25 tivities research grants;

1 (2) evaluate the Federal regulations and re-
2 quirements based on criteria such as the severity
3 and likelihood of the risks addressed and the bene-
4 fits to safety and research integrity relative to the
5 costs imposed;

6 (3) based on the evaluation under paragraph
7 (2), make recommendations for reducing any costs
8 or administrative burden imposed by Federal regula-
9 tions and requirements, including if appropriate—

10 (A) modifying, repealing, or creating spe-
11 cific exemptions to the Federal regulations or
12 requirements; and

13 (B) harmonizing overlapping or redundant
14 research regulations or requirements across
15 Federal science agencies; and

16 (4) make recommendations for modifying, as
17 appropriate, Federal regulations and requirements
18 to improve technology transfer between academia
19 and industry and to minimize potential regulatory
20 roadblocks to research commercialization.

21 (c) CONSULTATION AND STAKEHOLDER INPUT.—In
22 meeting the responsibilities under subsection (b), the sub-
23 committee shall consult with the National Science Board
24 and the President’s Council of Advisors on Science and
25 Technology. The subcommittee shall consider any com-

1 ments or recommendations from Federally-funded and
2 non-Federally funded research organizations, including in-
3 stitutions of higher education.

4 (d) SUBCOMMITTEE REPORT.—Not later than 1 year
5 after the date of enactment of this Act, the subcommittee
6 shall report to the appropriate committees of Congress its
7 recommendations under this section. The report shall in-
8 clude—

9 (1) a prioritized list of any regulations, require-
10 ments, procedures, or documentation proposed to be
11 harmonized, streamlined, updated, added, or elimi-
12 nated;

13 (2) a proposed plan, including a timeline, for
14 implementing the recommended changes described in
15 paragraph (1); and

16 (3) if necessary, any recommendations for legis-
17 lative action.

18 **SEC. 105. PRIZE COMPETITIONS.**

19 Section 24 of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Inno-
20 vation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3719) is amended—

21 (1) in subsection (c)—

22 (A) by striking “may be one” and inserting
23 “may consist of 1”;

1 (B) in paragraph (3), by striking “com-
2 petition” each place it appears and inserting
3 “prize competition”; and

4 (C) in paragraph (4), by striking “prizes”
5 and inserting “prize competitions”;

6 (2) in subsection (f)—

7 (A) by striking “the competition” each
8 place it appears and inserting “the prize com-
9 petition”; and

10 (B) in paragraph (4), by striking “prize”
11 and inserting “cash prize purse”;

12 (3) in subsection (g)—

13 (A) by striking “win a prize” and inserting
14 “win a cash prize purse”; and

15 (B) in paragraph (1), by striking “com-
16 petition” and inserting “prize competition”;

17 (4) in subsection (h), by striking “competition”
18 each place it appears and inserting “prize competi-
19 tion”;

20 (5) in subsection (i)—

21 (A) by striking “competition” each place it
22 appears and inserting “prize competition”; and

23 (B) by striking “in amounts determined by
24 the head of an agency” and inserting “in that
25 amount”; and

1 (C) by inserting “The head of an agency
2 administering a prize competition shall deter-
3 mine the amount of liability insurance, which
4 may be none or insignificant, required by par-
5 ticipants in the prize competition.” before “Par-
6 ticipants shall”;

7 (6) in subsection (j)—

8 (A) in paragraph (1), by striking “competi-
9 tion” and inserting “prize competition”;

10 (B) by amending paragraph (2) to read as
11 follows:

12 “(2) LICENSES.—To further the goals of a
13 prize competition, the Federal Government may—

14 “(A) negotiate a license for the use of in-
15 tellectual property developed by a registered
16 participant in the prize competition; or

17 “(B) require a registered participant in the
18 prize competition to provide an open source li-
19 cense to the public for the use of the registered
20 participant’s intellectual property.”; and

21 (C) by adding at the end the following:

22 “(3) ELECTRONIC CONSENT.—The Federal
23 Government may obtain consent to the intellectual
24 property and licensing terms of a prize competition

1 from participants during the online registration for
2 the prize competition.”;

3 (7) in subsection (k)—

4 (A) in paragraph (1), by striking “each
5 competition” each place it appears and insert-
6 ing “each prize competition”;

7 (B) by striking paragraph (3);

8 (C) by redesignating paragraph (2) as
9 paragraph (3);

10 (D) by amending paragraph (3), as redesi-
11 gnated, to read as follows:

12 “(3) REQUIREMENTS.—A judge—

13 “(A) may not have personal or financial in-
14 terests in, or be an employee, an officer, a di-
15 rector, or an agent of any entity that is a reg-
16 istered participant in a prize competition;

17 “(B) may not have a familial or financial
18 relationship with an individual who is a reg-
19 istered participant; and

20 “(C) consistent with the guidelines estab-
21 lished under paragraph (2), may—

22 “(i) be required to abide by a code of
23 conduct or judging agreement; and

1 “(ii) be required to provide financial
2 disclosures as are relevant to avoiding con-
3 flicts of interest.”; and

4 (E) by inserting after paragraph (1) the
5 following:

6 “(2) GUIDELINES.—A head of an agency that
7 carries out a prize competition under this section
8 shall develop guidelines to ensure that the panel of
9 judges appointed for the prize competition operates
10 in a transparent manner, is free of potential con-
11 flicts of interest, and is fairly balanced as appro-
12 priate to the task. The guidelines may, but are not
13 required to, necessitate each judge to be a special
14 Government employee (as defined in section 202 of
15 title 18, United States Code).”;

16 (8) in subsection (l), by striking “an agreement
17 with a private, nonprofit entity” and inserting “a
18 contract, grant, cooperative agreement, or other
19 agreement with a private sector for-profit, nonprofit,
20 or State or local government entity”;

21 (9) in subsection (m)—

22 (A) by amending paragraph (1) to read as
23 follows:

24 “(1) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out a prize
25 competition under this section, including providing

1 financial support for the design and administration
2 of a prize competition or for funding a cash prize
3 purse, the head of an agency—

4 “(A) may use funds appropriated by Con-
5 gress;

6 “(B) may request and accept funds from
7 other Federal agencies or from private sector
8 for-profit or nonprofit entities or State or local
9 government agencies for such purposes; and

10 “(C) may not give special consideration to
11 any agency or entity in return for such a dona-
12 tion.”;

13 (B) in paragraph (2), by striking “prize
14 awards” and inserting “cash prize purses”;

15 (C) in paragraph (3)—

16 (i) in subparagraph (A)—

17 (I) by striking “No prize” and
18 inserting “No prize competition”;

19 (II) by striking “the prize” and
20 inserting “the cash prize purse”; and

21 (III) by striking “private source”
22 and inserting “non-Federal source”;

23 and

24 (ii) in subparagraph (B)—

1 (I) by striking “a prize” and in-
2 sserting “a cash prize purse”;

3 (II) by striking “the prize” and
4 inserting “the prize competition”; and

5 (III) by striking “private source”
6 and inserting “non-Federal source”;
7 and

8 (D) in paragraph (4)—

9 (i) in subparagraph (A), by striking
10 “a prize” and inserting “a cash prize
11 purse”; and

12 (ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking
13 “the award of more than \$1,000,000 in
14 cash prizes” and inserting “the award of
15 more than \$1,000,000 in cash prize
16 purses”;

17 (10) in subsection (o), by striking “a prize
18 under this section” and inserting “a prize competi-
19 tion or cash prize purse under this section”;

20 (11) in subsection (p)—

21 (A) in the heading, by striking “ANNUAL”
22 and inserting “BIENNIAL”;

23 (B) in paragraph (1)—

24 (i) by striking “Not later than March
25 1 of each year,” and inserting “Not later

1 than 2 years after the date of enactment
2 of the America COMPETES Reauthoriza-
3 tion Act of 2014, and biennially there-
4 after.”; and

5 (ii) by striking “the preceding fiscal
6 year” and inserting “the preceding 2 fiscal
7 years”; and

8 (C) in paragraph (2)—

9 (i) by striking “for a fiscal year”;

10 (ii) in subparagraph (C)—

11 (I) in the heading, by striking
12 “CASH PRIZES” and inserting “CASH
13 PRIZE PURSES”; and

14 (II) by striking “cash prizes”
15 each place it appears and inserting
16 “cash prize purses”;

17 (iii) by redesignating subparagraph
18 (F) as subparagraph (G); and

19 (iv) by inserting after subparagraph
20 (E) the following:

21 “(F) LIABILITY.—The amount of liability
22 insurance required by registered participants in
23 each prize competition and, if the amount is ei-
24 ther none or insignificant, an explanation for
25 that determination.”.

1 **SEC. 106. REPEAL OF SPACE ACT LIMITATION ON PRIZE**
2 **COMPETITIONS.**

3 Section 20144(a) of title 51, United States Code, is
4 amended by striking “The Administration may carry out
5 a program to award prizes only in conformity with this
6 section.”.

7 **SEC. 107. COORDINATED FEDERAL SCIENCE AGENCY POL-**
8 **ICY FOR CAREGIVERS.**

9 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
10 ings:

11 (1) Family responsibilities have been identified
12 as a driver in reducing the number of students, in-
13 cluding minorities, who complete postsecondary de-
14 grees.

15 (2) In particular, starting a family has been
16 identified as a prominent factor in reducing the
17 number of women advancing in academic careers in
18 the sciences.

19 (3) According to the Council of Economic Advi-
20 sors, workplace policies that permit greater flexi-
21 bility, including for activities related to family care,
22 can improve worker retention and increase produc-
23 tivity.

24 (4) To support family caregivers, several Fed-
25 eral agencies have adopted family-responsive policies,

1 most notably through programs such as the National
2 Science Foundation's Career-Life Balance Initiative.

3 (5) Improved coordination among Federal
4 science agencies and those entities that receive Fed-
5 eral funding can ensure the consistency of family-re-
6 sponsive policies.

7 (b) POLICY EVALUATION.—Not later than 180 days
8 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of
9 the Office of Science and Technology Policy shall evaluate
10 ongoing Federal science agency programs and policies re-
11 garding career-life balance, workplace flexibility, and fam-
12 ily-responsive initiatives.

13 (c) GUIDANCE.—Not later than 1 year after the date
14 of enactment of this Act, the Director of the Office of
15 Science and Technology Policy shall provide guidance to
16 Federal science agencies to establish policies that—

17 (1) as appropriate, consider the needs of sci-
18 entific, engineering, and technical personnel, includ-
19 ing postdoctoral fellows, who—

20 (A) receive Federal funding through intra-
21 mural or extramural research awards; and

22 (B) have family caregiving responsibilities;

23 and

1 (2) based on the evaluation in subsection (b),
2 build on proven best practices, taking into consider-
3 ation—

4 (A) flexibility in the initiation of approved
5 research awards;

6 (B) no-cost extensions or suspensions of
7 research grants to permit for caregiving activi-
8 ties;

9 (C) grant supplements to sustain research
10 activities during absences related to family
11 caregiving;

12 (D) communications and training efforts
13 related to family-responsive initiatives; and

14 (E) evaluating the impact of programs and
15 policies on the recruitment and retention of
16 STEM professionals; and

17 (d) **EXTERNAL INPUT.**—The Director of the Office
18 of Science and Technology Policy, in developing guidance
19 under this section, shall consider input from entities re-
20 ceiving Federal research and development funding as well
21 as from professional societies and other organizations in-
22 volved in supporting women in the sciences, as appro-
23 priate.

24 (e) **CONSISTENCY IN POLICY.**—The Director of the
25 Office of Science and Technology Policy, in developing

1 guidance under this section, shall encourage the Federal
2 science agencies and entities receiving Federal research
3 and development funding to adopt proven, consistent, and
4 complementary policies, programs, and best practices re-
5 garding career-life balance, workplace flexibility, and fam-
6 ily-responsive initiatives.

7 **TITLE II—NATIONAL AERO-**
8 **NAUTICS AND SPACE ADMIN-**
9 **ISTRATION**

10 **SEC. 201. DEFINITIONS.**

11 In this title:

12 (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term “Adminis-
13 trator” means the Administrator of the National
14 Aeronautics and Space Administration.

15 (2) NASA.—The term “NASA” means the Na-
16 tional Aeronautics and Space Administration.

17 **SEC. 202. NASA EDUCATION PROGRAMS.**

18 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
19 gress that—

20 (1) NASA is well-positioned to leverage its
21 workforce and facilities, together with the excitement
22 induced by space exploration, in providing students
23 and educators with authentic STEM experiences;

24 (2) whereas the Nation’s STEM programs have
25 traditionally focused on mathematics and the

1 sciences, NASA's aeronautics and space exploration
2 mission allows it a unique ability to engage students
3 in engineering and technology development; and

4 (3) NASA's education and outreach programs
5 have made a significant contribution to the Nation's
6 K-12 education efforts.

7 (b) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall continue
8 to provide education and outreach activities, including op-
9 portunities for experiential learning, designed to improve
10 interest and proficiency among students and educators in
11 mathematics and the sciences, as well as in engineering
12 and technology development. Before finalizing any reorga-
13 nization of NASA education programs, the Administrator
14 shall consider the long-term research and workforce needs
15 of each mission directorate.

16 (c) METRICS.—The Administrator shall ensure that
17 NASA education programs have measurable objectives
18 and milestones, as well as clear, documented metrics for
19 evaluating program outcomes. The Administrator, for
20 each NASA education program or portfolio of similar pro-
21 grams, shall—

22 (1) encourage the collection of quantitative data
23 as relevant to the measurable objectives and mile-
24 stones; and

1 (2) ensure that program or portfolio evaluations
2 focus on educational outcomes rather than just on
3 inputs, activities completed, or the number of par-
4 ticipants.

5 (d) BEST PRACTICES.—The Administrator or the Ad-
6 ministrators designee shall ensure—

7 (1) through participation in the National
8 Science and Technology Council Committee on
9 STEM Education, that—

10 (A) best practices developed through
11 NASA education programs, including proven
12 methods in areas such as engineering education
13 and outreach to underrepresented groups, are
14 considered in the development, updating, and
15 implementation of the Federal 5-year STEM
16 education plan; and

17 (B) NASA education programs reflect best
18 practices and educational research developed
19 within other Federal agencies; and

20 (2) NASA leverages its limited education re-
21 sources by collaborating with external organizations
22 in adapting or replicating successful NASA STEM
23 education efforts.

1 **SEC. 203. EXPERIMENTAL PROGRAM TO STIMULATE COM-**
2 **PETITIVE RESEARCH.**

3 The Administrator shall continue to conduct the Ex-
4 perimental Program to Stimulate Competitive Research
5 (EPSCoR) in order to enhance research competitiveness
6 of States and jurisdictions historically underserved by
7 Federal research and development funding.

8 **SEC. 204. FOUNDATIONAL ENGINEERING.**

9 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
10 ings:

11 (1) The Nation's basic research and
12 foundational engineering activities support innova-
13 tion and can provide novel and transformative solu-
14 tions to complex problems.

15 (2) NASA investments in basic research,
16 foundational engineering, and technology develop-
17 ment have advanced the NASA mission, including
18 through supporting materials design, modeling, and
19 manufacturing.

20 (3) NASA investments in basic research,
21 foundational engineering, and the development of
22 early-stage technologies remain critical to NASA's
23 long term mission.

24 (b) REAFFIRMATION OF POLICY.—Congress reaf-
25 firms its support, as articulated in section 20102 of title
26 51, United States Code, for NASA's efforts to expand un-

1 derstanding in the aeronautical and space sciences and to
2 identify long-term opportunities relevant to operating in
3 the atmosphere and in space. Congress further affirms the
4 importance of technology development in supporting na-
5 tional leadership in these areas.

6 (c) FOUNDATIONAL ENGINEERING CAPABILITY.—
7 The Administrator shall ensure that NASA maintains a
8 core capability to identify and support activities related
9 to foundational engineering. The purpose of this capability
10 shall be—

11 (1) to forecast NASA’s future capability needs,
12 including those needs not directly related to current
13 missions;

14 (2) to develop or identify potentially trans-
15 formative technology concepts relevant to achieving
16 the needs under paragraph (1);

17 (3) to determine and implement an agency-wide
18 strategy, that may include increasing research ca-
19 pacity and coordinating with external partners, for
20 supporting research in foundational engineering; and

21 (4) to support translating basic scientific re-
22 search into new technology development.

1 **TITLE III—NATIONAL OCEANIC**
2 **AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINIS-**
3 **TRATION**

4 **SEC. 301. NOAA EDUCATION PROGRAMS.**

5 Section 4002 of the America COMPETES Act of
6 2007 (33 U.S.C. 893a) is amended—

7 (1) by redesignating subsections (d) and (e) as
8 subsections (e) and (f); and

9 (2) by adding after section (c) the following:

10 “(d) METRICS.—In executing the NOAA science edu-
11 cation plan under subsection (c), the Administrator shall
12 maintain a comprehensive system for evaluating the out-
13 comes and impacts of the agency’s educational programs
14 and activities. In so doing, the Administrator shall ensure
15 that NOAA education programs have measurable objec-
16 tives and milestones as well clear, documented metrics for
17 evaluating program outcomes. For each NOAA education
18 program or portfolio of similar programs, the Adminis-
19 trator shall further—

20 “(1) encourage the collection of quantitative
21 data as relevant to the measurable objectives and
22 milestones; and

23 “(2) ensure that program or portfolio evalua-
24 tions focus on educational outcomes rather than just

1 on inputs, activities completed, or the number of
2 participants.”.

3 **TITLE IV—NATIONAL INSTITUTE**
4 **OF STANDARDS AND TECH-**
5 **NOLOGY**

6 **SEC. 401. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

7 (a) FISCAL YEAR 2015.—

8 (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be
9 appropriated to the Secretary of Commerce
10 \$912,672,000 for the National Institute of Stand-
11 ards and Technology for fiscal year 2015.

12 (2) SPECIFIC ALLOCATIONS.—Of the amount
13 authorized by paragraph (1)—

14 (A) \$697,872,000 shall be authorized for
15 scientific and technical research and services
16 laboratory activities;

17 (B) \$58,800,000 shall be authorized for
18 the construction and maintenance of facilities;
19 and

20 (C) \$156,000,000 shall be authorized for
21 industrial technology services activities, of
22 which \$141,000,000 shall be authorized for the
23 Hollings Manufacturing Extension Partnership
24 program under section 25 and 26 of the Na-

1 tional Institute of Standards and Technology
2 Act (15 U.S.C. 278k and 278l).

3 (b) FISCAL YEAR 2016.—

4 (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be
5 appropriated to the Secretary of Commerce
6 \$973,659,000 for the National Institute of Stand-
7 ards and Technology for fiscal year 2016.

8 (2) SPECIFIC ALLOCATIONS.—Of the amount
9 authorized by paragraph (1)—

10 (A) \$748,119,000 shall be authorized for
11 scientific and technical research and services
12 laboratory activities;

13 (B) \$61,740,000 shall be authorized for
14 the construction and maintenance of facilities;
15 and

16 (C) \$163,800,000 shall be authorized for
17 industrial technology services activities, of
18 which \$148,050,000 shall be authorized for the
19 Hollings Manufacturing Extension Partnership
20 program under section 25 and 26 of the Na-
21 tional Institute of Standards and Technology
22 Act (15 U.S.C. 278k and 278l).

23 (c) FISCAL YEAR 2017.—

24 (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be
25 appropriated to the Secretary of Commerce

1 \$1,038,800,000 for the National Institute of Stand-
2 ards and Technology for fiscal year 2017.

3 (2) SPECIFIC ALLOCATIONS.—Of the amount
4 authorized by paragraph (1)—

5 (A) \$801,983,000 shall be authorized for
6 scientific and technical research and services
7 laboratory activities;

8 (B) \$64,827,000 shall be authorized for
9 the construction and maintenance of facilities;
10 and

11 (C) \$171,990,000 shall be authorized for
12 industrial technology services activities, of
13 which \$155,453,000 shall be authorized for the
14 Hollings Manufacturing Extension Partnership
15 program under section 25 and 26 of the Na-
16 tional Institute of Standards and Technology
17 Act (15 U.S.C. 278k and 278l).

18 (d) FISCAL YEAR 2018.—

19 (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be
20 appropriated to the Secretary of Commerce
21 \$1,108,384,000 for the National Institute of Stand-
22 ards and Technology for fiscal year 2018.

23 (2) SPECIFIC ALLOCATIONS.—Of the amount
24 authorized by paragraph (1)—

1 (A) \$859,726,000 shall be authorized for
2 scientific and technical research and services
3 laboratory activities;

4 (B) \$68,068,000 shall be authorized for
5 the construction and maintenance of facilities;
6 and

7 (C) \$180,590,000 shall be authorized for
8 industrial technology services activities, of
9 which \$163,225,000 shall be authorized for the
10 Hollings Manufacturing Extension Partnership
11 program under section 25 and 26 of the Na-
12 tional Institute of Standards and Technology
13 Act (15 U.S.C. 278k and 278l).

14 (e) FISCAL YEAR 2019.—

15 (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be
16 appropriated to the Secretary of Commerce
17 \$1,182,717,000 for the National Institute of Stand-
18 ards and Technology for fiscal year 2019.

19 (2) SPECIFIC ALLOCATIONS.—Of the amount
20 authorized by paragraph (1)—

21 (A) \$921,626,000 shall be authorized for
22 scientific and technical research and services
23 laboratory activities;

1 (B) \$71,472,000 shall be authorized for
2 the construction and maintenance of facilities;
3 and

4 (C) \$189,619,000 shall be authorized for
5 industrial technology services activities, of
6 which \$171,386,000 shall be authorized for the
7 Hollings Manufacturing Extension Partnership
8 program under section 25 and 26 of the Na-
9 tional Institute of Standards and Technology
10 Act (15 U.S.C. 278k and 278l).

11 **SEC. 402. MANUFACTURING EXTENSION PARTNERSHIP.**

12 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 25 of the National Insti-
13 tute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278k)
14 is amended to read as follows:

15 **“SEC. 25. HOLLINGS MANUFACTURING EXTENSION PART-**
16 **NERSHIP.**

17 **“(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—**

18 **“(1) IN GENERAL.—**The Secretary, through the
19 Director and, if appropriate, through other officials,
20 shall assist in creating and supporting of manufac-
21 turing extension centers for the transfer of manufac-
22 turing technology and the dissemination of best busi-
23 ness practices.

24 **“(2) AFFILIATION.—**The Centers may be affili-
25 ated with any United States-based public or non-

1 profit institution or organization, or group thereof,
2 that applies for and is awarded financial assistance
3 under this section.

4 “(3) OBJECTIVE.—The objective of the Hollings
5 Manufacturing Extension Partnership is to enhance
6 productivity, competitiveness, and technological per-
7 formance in U.S. manufacturing through—

8 “(A) the demonstration of manufacturing
9 technologies and techniques, including auto-
10 mated manufacturing systems and other ad-
11 vanced production technologies, based on re-
12 search or development efforts at the Institute;

13 “(B) the transfer of technologies and tech-
14 niques under subparagraph (A) to manufac-
15 turing companies throughout the United States;

16 “(C) the participation of individuals from
17 industry, universities, State governments, other
18 Federal agencies, and, when appropriate, the
19 Institute in cooperative technology transfer ac-
20 tivities;

21 “(D) efforts to make new manufacturing
22 technologies and processes usable by United
23 States-based small- and medium-sized manufac-
24 turing companies;

1 “(E) the active dissemination to industrial
2 firms, including small- and medium-sized manu-
3 facturing companies, of scientific, engineering,
4 technical, and management information about
5 manufacturing;

6 “(F) the use, if appropriate, of the exper-
7 tise and capabilities of Federal laboratories;

8 “(G) the provision to community colleges
9 of information regarding the job skills needed
10 in U.S.-based small- and medium-sized manu-
11 facturing companies in the regions the commu-
12 nity colleges serve;

13 “(H) assisting Federal agencies in achiev-
14 ing their domestic preference requirements
15 under chapter 83 of title 41, United States
16 Code, and similar laws, by identifying small-
17 and medium-sized manufacturing companies
18 throughout the United States and providing
19 those companies with technical assistance in
20 meeting Federal procurement and acquisition
21 requirements.

22 “(b) FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.—

23 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may provide
24 financial assistance to any Center, except the Sec-
25 retary may not provide to a Center more than 50

1 percent of the capital and annual operating and
2 maintenance funds required to create and maintain
3 the Center.

4 “(2) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall pro-
5 mulgate regulations to implement this section and
6 review and update the regulations at least once every
7 5 years to comply with any applicable change in law
8 that affects the policy or program goals under this
9 section.

10 “(3) PUBLICATION OF PROCEDURES.—

11 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
12 publish in the Federal Register a draft descrip-
13 tion of the program establishing the Centers,
14 including—

15 “(i) a description of the program;

16 “(ii) the procedures to be followed by
17 an applicant for financial assistance;

18 “(iii) the criteria for determining if an
19 applicant is qualified for financial assist-
20 ance;

21 “(iv) the criteria, including the re-
22 quirements under paragraph (4) and the
23 merit review under paragraph (5), for
24 choosing each recipient of financial assist-

1 ance under this section from among the
2 qualified applicants; and

3 “(v) the maximum support levels ex-
4 pected to be available to the Centers.

5 “(B) FINAL DESCRIPTION.—The Secretary
6 shall publish a final description of the program
7 after the expiration of a 30-day comment pe-
8 riod.

9 “(4) APPLICATION ELIGIBILITY AND REQUIRE-
10 MENTS.—

11 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Any public or non-
12 profit institution, or group thereof, or consortia
13 of public or nonprofit institutions, including en-
14 tities existing on August 23, 1988, may submit
15 to the Secretary an application for financial as-
16 sistance under this subsection, in accordance
17 with the procedures established by the Sec-
18 retary and published in the Federal Register
19 under paragraph (3).

20 “(B) COST SHARING.—Each applicant
21 shall provide adequate assurances that non-
22 Federal assets obtained from the applicant and
23 the applicant’s partnering organizations will be
24 used as a funding source to meet not less than
25 50 percent of the costs incurred. In this sub-

1 paragraph, the term ‘costs incurred’ means the
2 costs incurred in connection with the activities
3 undertaken to improve the management, pro-
4 ductivity, competitiveness, and technological
5 performance of small- and medium-sized manu-
6 facturing companies.

7 “(C) PARTNERING ORGANIZATIONS.—In
8 meeting the 50 percent requirement under sub-
9 paragraph (B), a Center may enter into 1 or
10 more agreements with 1 or more partnering or-
11 ganizations, such as private industry, univer-
12 sities, and State governments, to accomplish
13 programmatic objectives and access new and ex-
14 isting resources that will further the impact of
15 the Federal investment made on behalf of
16 small- and medium-sized manufacturing compa-
17 nies.

18 “(D) LEGAL RIGHTS.—An applicant shall
19 also submit a proposal for the allocation of the
20 legal rights associated with any invention which
21 may result from the proposed Center’s activi-
22 ties.

23 “(5) MERIT REVIEW OF APPLICATIONS.—The
24 Secretary shall subject each application under this
25 subsection to merit review. In making a decision

1 whether to approve an application and provide finan-
2 cial assistance under this subsection, the Secretary
3 shall consider, at a minimum—

4 “(A) the merits of the application, particu-
5 larly those portions of the application regarding
6 technology transfer, training and education, and
7 adaptation of manufacturing technologies to the
8 needs of particular industrial sectors;

9 “(B) the quality of service to be provided;

10 “(C) the geographical diversity and extent
11 of service area; and

12 “(D) the percentage of funding and
13 amount of in-kind commitment from other
14 sources.

15 “(6) CENTER EVALUATION.—

16 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Each Center that re-
17 ceives financial assistance under this subsection
18 shall be evaluated during its third year of oper-
19 ation by an evaluation panel appointed by the
20 Secretary.

21 “(B) COMPOSITION.—Each evaluation
22 panel shall be composed of independent experts,
23 none of whom shall be connected with the in-
24 volved Center, and Federal officials.

1 “(C) CHAIR.—An official of the Institute
2 shall chair the evaluation panel.

3 “(D) EVALUATION PROCEDURE.—Each
4 evaluation panel shall measure the involved
5 Center’s performance against the objectives
6 specified in subparagraph (A).

7 “(E) POSITIVE EVALUATION.—If the eval-
8 uation is positive, the Secretary may provide
9 continued funding for Center operation and
10 maintenance.

11 “(F) NEGATIVE EVALUATION.—

12 “(i) PROBATION.—The Secretary shall
13 not provide funding for a Center’s oper-
14 ation or maintenance beyond its third year
15 unless the evaluation is positive. If a Cen-
16 ter does not receive a positive evaluation,
17 the evaluation panel shall notify the Center
18 of deficiencies in its performance and the
19 Center shall be placed on probation for 1
20 year.

21 “(ii) REEVALUATION.—The evaluation
22 panel shall reevaluate a Center’s perform-
23 ance following its probationary period. If
24 the Center has not addressed the defi-
25 ciencies identified by the evaluation panel

1 or shown a significant improvement in its
2 performance, the Director may either con-
3 duct a competition to select a new operator
4 for the Center or close the Center.

5 “(G) CONTINUATION OF FINANCIAL AS-
6 SISTANCE.—After the sixth year, a Center may
7 receive continued financial assistance under this
8 section only if it has received a positive evalua-
9 tion through an independent review, under pro-
10 cedures established by the Institute. Such an
11 independent review shall be required at least
12 every 2 years after the sixth year of operation.

13 “(H) RECOMPETITION.—If a Center has
14 received financial assistance for 10 years, the
15 Director shall conduct a new competition to se-
16 lect an operator for the Center. Current center
17 operators in good standing with the Institute
18 shall be eligible to compete.

19 “(7) CENTER OVERSIGHT BOARDS.—

20 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Each Center that re-
21 ceives financial assistance under this section
22 shall establish an oversight board that is broad-
23 ly representative of regional stakeholders with a
24 majority of board members drawn from local

1 small- and medium-sized manufacturing compa-
2 nies.

3 “(B) FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT.—Each
4 oversight board under subparagraph (A) shall
5 establish responsibility for the Center’s finan-
6 cial management and designate a chief financial
7 officer. External entities may advise on, but not
8 exclusively manage, Center finances.

9 “(C) BYLAWS AND CONFLICT OF INTER-
10 EST.—Each oversight board under subpara-
11 graph (A) shall adopt and submit to the Direc-
12 tor bylaws to govern the operation of the board,
13 including a conflict of interest policy to ensure
14 relevant relationships are disclosed and proper
15 recusal procedures are in place.

16 “(D) LIMITATIONS.—Board members may
17 not—

18 “(i) be current clients of the Center
19 they serve;

20 “(ii) serve as a vendor or provide serv-
21 ices to the Center; or

22 “(iii) serve on more than 1 Center’s
23 oversight board simultaneously.

1 “(8) PROTECTION OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMA-
2 TION.—The Secretary shall ensure that the following
3 are not publically disclosed:

4 “(A) Confidential information on the busi-
5 ness operations of—

6 “(i) any participant in a program
7 under the Hollings Manufacturing Exten-
8 sion Partnership; or

9 “(ii) any client of a Center.

10 “(B) Trade secrets possessed by any client
11 of a Center.

12 “(9) PATENT RIGHTS.—The provisions of chap-
13 ter 18 of title 35, United States Code, shall apply,
14 unless inconsistent with this section, to the pro-
15 motion of technology from research by Centers
16 under this section except for contracts for such spe-
17 cific technology extension or transfer services as may
18 be specified by statute or by the Director.

19 “(c) ACCEPTANCE OF FUNDS.—

20 “(1) IN GENERAL.— In addition to such sums
21 as may be appropriated to the Secretary and Direc-
22 tor to operate the Hollings Manufacturing Extension
23 Partnership program, the Secretary and Director
24 may accept, for the purpose of strengthening United
25 States manufacturing, funds from other Federal de-

1 partments and agencies, and under section 2(e)(7)
2 of this Act (15 U.S.C. 272(c)(7)) from the private
3 sector.

4 “(2) ALLOCATION OF FUNDS.—

5 “(A) FEDERAL DEPARTMENTS OR AGEN-
6 CIES.—The Director shall determine whether
7 funds accepted from other Federal departments
8 or agencies shall be counted in the calculation
9 of the Federal share of capital and annual oper-
10 ating and maintenance costs under subsection
11 (c).

12 “(B) PRIVATE SECTOR.—Funds accepted
13 from the private sector under section 2 of this
14 Act (15 U.S.C. 272(c)(7)), if allocated to a
15 Center, shall not be considered in the calcula-
16 tion of the Federal share under subsection (c)
17 of this section.

18 “(d) MANUFACTURING EXTENSION PARTNERSHIP
19 ADVISORY BOARD.—

20 “(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established
21 within the Institute a Manufacturing Extension
22 Partnership Advisory Board.

23 “(2) MEMBERSHIP.—

24 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The MEP Advisory
25 Board shall consist of not fewer than 10 mem-

1 bers broadly representative of stakeholders, to
2 be appointed by the Director. At least 2 mem-
3 bers shall be employed by or be on a Center ad-
4 visory board, and at least 5 other members
5 shall be from United States small businesses in
6 the manufacturing sector. No member shall be
7 an employee of the Federal Government.

8 “(B) TERM.—Except as provided in sub-
9 paragraph (C) or (D), the term of office of each
10 member of the MEP Advisory Board shall be 3
11 years.

12 “(C) CLASSES.—The original members of
13 the MEP Advisory Board shall be appointed to
14 3 classes. One class of 3 members shall have an
15 initial term of 1 year, one class of 3 members
16 shall have an initial term of 2 years, and one
17 class of 4 members shall have an initial term of
18 3 years.

19 “(D) VACANCIES.—Any member appointed
20 to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expira-
21 tion of the term for which the member’s prede-
22 cessor was appointed shall be appointed for the
23 remainder of such term.

24 “(E) SERVING CONSECUTIVE TERMS.—Any
25 individual who has completed 2 consecutive full

1 terms of service on the MEP Advisory Board
2 shall thereafter be ineligible for appointment
3 during the 1-year period following the expira-
4 tion of the second such term.

5 “(3) MEETINGS.—The MEP Advisory Board
6 shall—

7 “(A) meet not less than biannually; and

8 “(B) provide to the Director—

9 “(i) advice on Hollings Manufacturing
10 Extension Partnership programs, plans,
11 and policies;

12 “(ii) assessments of the soundness of
13 Hollings Manufacturing Extension Part-
14 nership plans and strategies; and

15 “(iii) assessments of current perform-
16 ance against Hollings Manufacturing Ex-
17 tension Partnership program plans.

18 “(4) FEDERAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ACT.—

19 “(A) IN GENERAL.—In discharging its du-
20 ties under this subsection, the MEP Advisory
21 Board shall function solely in an advisory ca-
22 pacity, in accordance with the Federal Advisory
23 Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.).

24 “(B) EXCEPTION.—Section 14 of the Fed-
25 eral Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.

1 14) shall not apply to the MEP Advisory
2 Board.

3 “(5) REPORT.—The MEP Advisory Board shall
4 transmit an annual report to the Secretary for
5 transmittal to Congress not later than 30 days after
6 the submission to Congress of the President’s an-
7 nual budget request in each year. In the annual re-
8 port, the MEP Advisory Board shall—

9 “(A) address the status of the Hollings
10 Manufacturing Extension Partnership program;
11 and

12 “(B) comment on the relevant sections of
13 the programmatic planning document and up-
14 dates thereto transmitted to Congress by the
15 Director under subsections (c) and (d) of sec-
16 tion 23 of this Act (15 U.S.C. 278i).

17 “(e) COMPETITIVE AWARDS PROGRAM.—

18 “(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Director shall es-
19 tablish, within the Hollings Manufacturing Exten-
20 sion Partnership program under this section and the
21 program to provide technical assistance to State
22 technology programs under section 26 of this Act
23 (15 U.S.C. 278l), a program of competitive awards
24 among participants described in paragraph (2) of

1 this subsection for the purpose described in para-
2 graph (3) of this subsection.

3 “(2) PARTICIPANTS.—Participants receiving
4 awards under this subsection shall be the Centers, or
5 a consortium of such Centers.

6 “(3) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the program
7 under this subsection shall be to add capabilities to
8 the Hollings Manufacturing Extension Partnership
9 program, including the development of projects to
10 solve new or emerging manufacturing problems as
11 determined by the Director, in consultation with the
12 Director of the Hollings Manufacturing Extension
13 Partnership program, the MEP Advisory Board, and
14 representatives of small- and medium-sized manufac-
15 turing companies.

16 “(4) COMPETITIVE AWARDS THEMES.—The Di-
17 rector may identify 1 or more themes for the com-
18 petitive awards under this subsection. The themes—

19 “(A) shall be related to projects designed
20 to increase the viability both of traditional man-
21 ufacturing sectors and other sectors, such as
22 construction, that increasingly rely on manufac-
23 turing through the use of manufactured compo-
24 nents and manufacturing techniques, including

1 supply chain integration and quality manage-
2 ment;

3 “(B) shall be related to projects related to
4 the transfer of technology based on the techno-
5 logical needs of manufacturers and available
6 technologies from institutions of higher edu-
7 cation, laboratories, and other technology pro-
8 ducing entities;

9 “(C) may extend beyond these traditional
10 areas to include projects related to construction
11 industry modernization; and

12 “(D) may vary from year to year, depend-
13 ing on the needs of manufacturers and the suc-
14 cess of previous competitions.

15 “(5) REIMBURSEMENTS.—The Centers may be
16 reimbursed for costs incurred under the program
17 under this subsection.

18 “(6) APPLICATIONS.—Applications for awards
19 under this subsection shall be submitted in such
20 manner and at such time, and contain such informa-
21 tion as the Director shall require, in consultation
22 with the MEP Advisory Board.

23 “(7) SELECTION.—

24 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Awards under this
25 subsection shall be peer reviewed and competi-

1 tively awarded. The Director shall endeavor to
2 have broad geographic diversity among selected
3 proposals. The Director shall select proposals to
4 receive awards that—

5 “(i) will create jobs or train newly
6 hired employees;

7 “(ii) will promote technology transfer
8 and commercialization of environmentally
9 focused materials, products, and processes;

10 “(iii) will increase energy efficiency;
11 and

12 “(iv) will improve the competitiveness
13 of industries in the region in which the
14 Center or Centers are located.

15 “(B) ADDITIONAL SELECTION CRITERIA.—
16 The Director may select proposals to receive
17 awards that—

18 “(i) in the region in which the Center
19 or Centers are located, will encourage
20 greater cooperation and foster partnerships
21 with similar Federal, State, and locally
22 funded programs to encourage energy effi-
23 ciency and building technology; and

24 “(ii) will collect data and analyze the
25 increasing connection between manufac-

1 tured products and manufacturing tech-
2 niques, the future of construction prac-
3 tices, and the emerging application of
4 products from the green energy industries.

5 “(8) PROGRAM CONTRIBUTION.—Recipients of
6 awards under this subsection shall not be required
7 to provide a matching contribution.

8 “(9) GLOBAL MARKETPLACE PROJECTS.—In se-
9 lecting proposals to receive awards under this sub-
10 section, the Director, in consultation with the MEP
11 Advisory Board and the Secretary of Commerce,
12 may—

13 “(A) take into consideration whether an
14 application has significant potential for enhanc-
15 ing the competitiveness of U.S.-based small-
16 and medium-sized manufacturing companies in
17 the global marketplace; and

18 “(B) give a preference to any application
19 described under subparagraph (A) to the extent
20 the Director considers appropriate, taking into
21 account the purpose under paragraph (3).

22 “(10) DURATION.—Awards under this section
23 shall last no longer than 3 years.

24 “(11) PERMISSIBLE USES.—

1 “(A) IN GENERAL.—A participant under
2 paragraph (2) may use an award under this
3 subsection to assist—

4 “(i) United States-based small- or me-
5 dium-sized construction companies; and

6 “(ii) United States-based manufac-
7 turing companies eligible to participate in
8 the Centers program under subsection (a).

9 “(B) REIMBURSEMENTS.—A participant
10 under paragraph (2) may be reimbursed under
11 the program under this subsection for the costs
12 incurred in working with the companies de-
13 scribed in subparagraph (A).

14 “(12) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
15 In addition to any amounts otherwise authorized or
16 appropriated to carry out this section, there are au-
17 thorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Com-
18 merce \$10,000,000 for each of the fiscal years au-
19 thorized in this Act.

20 “(f) INNOVATIVE SERVICES INITIATIVE.—

21 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall estab-
22 lish, within the Hollings Manufacturing Extension
23 Partnership program under this section, an innova-
24 tive services initiative to assist small- and medium-
25 sized manufacturing companies in—

1 “(A) reducing their energy usage, green-
2 house gas emissions, and environmental waste
3 to improve profitability;

4 “(B) accelerating the domestic commer-
5 cialization of new product technologies, includ-
6 ing components for renewable energy and en-
7 ergy efficiency systems; and

8 “(C) identifying and diversifying to new
9 markets, including support for transitioning to
10 the production of components for renewable en-
11 ergy and energy efficiency systems.

12 “(g) REPORTS.—

13 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall include
14 an assessment of the Director’s governance of the
15 program under this section in the programmatic
16 planning document, and each annual update thereto,
17 under section 23 of this Act (15 U.S.C. 278i).

18 “(2) CRITERIA.— In conducting the assess-
19 ment, the Director shall use the criteria for quali-
20 fication for the Malcolm Baldrige National Quality
21 Award under section 17(d)(1)(C) of the Stevenson-
22 Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15
23 U.S.C. 3711a(d)(1)(C)).

24 “(h) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

1 “(1) PROGRAM UNDER THIS SECTION.—The
2 term ‘program under this section’ means the Hol-
3 lings Manufacturing Extension Partnership program
4 established by this section.

5 “(2) CENTER.—The term ‘Center’ means a
6 Hollings Manufacturing Extension Center estab-
7 lished under subsection (a).

8 “(3) MEP ADVISORY BOARD.—The term ‘MEP
9 Advisory Board’ means the Manufacturing Exten-
10 sion Partnership Advisory Board established under
11 subsection (e).

12 “(4) COMMUNITY COLLEGE.—The term ‘com-
13 munity college’ means an institution of higher edu-
14 cation (as defined under section 101 of the Higher
15 Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001)) at which
16 the highest degree that is predominately awarded to
17 students is an associate’s degree.

18 “(i) EVALUATION OF OBSTACLES UNIQUE TO SMALL
19 MANUFACTURERS.—The Director shall—

20 “(1) identify and evaluate obstacles that are
21 unique to U.S.-based small-sized manufacturing
22 companies and that prevent these companies from
23 effectively competing in the global market;

1 “(2) implement a comprehensive plan to train
2 the Centers to address the obstacles under para-
3 graph (1); and

4 “(3) facilitate improved communication between
5 the Centers to assist the companies described in
6 paragraph (1) in implementing appropriate, targeted
7 solutions to the obstacles under paragraph (1).”.

8 (b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

9 (1) ARMED FORCES; SUPPORT OF SCIENCE,
10 MATHEMATICS, AND ENGINEERING EDUCATION.—
11 Section 2199 of title 10, United States Code, is
12 amended by striking “means a regional center for
13 the transfer of manufacturing technology referred to
14 in section 25(a)” and inserting “means a center for
15 the transfer of manufacturing technology and the
16 dissemination of best business practices referred to
17 in section 25”.

18 (2) ENTERPRISE INTEGRATION INITIATIVE.—
19 Section 3(a) of the Enterprise Integration Act of
20 2002 (15 U.S.C. 278g-5(a)) is amended by inserting
21 “Hollings” before “Manufacturing Extension Part-
22 nership program”.

23 (3) ASSISTANCE TO STATE TECHNOLOGY PRO-
24 GRAMS.—Section 26(a) of the National Institute of
25 Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278g-

1 5(a)) is amended by striking “the Centers program
2 created under” and inserting “the Hollings Manu-
3 facturing Extension Partnership program under”.

4 **SEC. 403. EDUCATION AND OUTREACH.**

5 The National Institutes of Standards and Technology
6 Act (15 U.S.C. 271 et seq.) is amended—

7 (1) by striking section 18 (15 U.S.C. 278g-1);

8 (2) by striking section 19 (15 U.S.C. 278g-2);

9 (3) by striking section 19A (15 U.S.C. 278g-
10 2a); and

11 (4) by inserting after section 17 (15 U.S.C.
12 278g) the following:

13 **“SEC. 18. EDUCATION AND OUTREACH.**

14 “(a) IN GENERAL.—The Director, in furthering the
15 Institute’s mission, is authorized to expend appropriated
16 funds to support, promote, and coordinate education and
17 outreach efforts to enhance the awareness and under-
18 standing of measurement sciences, standards, and tech-
19 nology among the general public, industry, and academia.

20 “(b) RESEARCH FELLOWSHIPS AND OTHER ASSIST-
21 ANCE.—

22 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director is authorized
23 to expend funds appropriated for activities of the In-
24 stitute in any fiscal year, as the Director considers
25 necessary, for awards of research fellowships and

1 other financial assistance and logistical assistance
2 to—

3 “(A) students at institutions of higher edu-
4 cation within the United States who show
5 promise as present or future contributors to the
6 mission of the Institute; and

7 “(B) United States citizens for research
8 and technical activities of the Institute, includ-
9 ing programs.

10 “(2) SELECTION.—The Director shall select re-
11 cipients for fellowships and assistance based on the
12 potential recipient’s ability to complete the proposed
13 work and on the relevance of the proposed work to
14 the mission and programs of the Institute.

15 “(3) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

16 “(A) INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDU-
17 CATION.—The term ‘institution of higher edu-
18 cation’ has the meaning given the term in sec-
19 tion 101 of the Higher Education Act of 1965
20 (20 U.S.C. 1001).

21 “(B) OTHER FINANCIAL AND LOGISTICAL
22 ASSISTANCE.—The term ‘other financial and
23 logistical assistance’ includes—

24 “(i) direct stipend awards; and

1 “(ii) notwithstanding section 1345 of
2 title 31, United States Code or any other
3 contrary provision of law, temporary hous-
4 ing and transportation to and from the In-
5 stitute facilities.

6 “(c) MANUFACTURING FELLOWSHIP PROGRAM.—

7 “(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—To promote the devel-
8 opment of a robust research community working at
9 the leading edge of manufacturing sciences, the Di-
10 rector shall establish a program to award—

11 “(A) postdoctoral research fellowships at
12 the Institute for research activities related to
13 manufacturing sciences; and

14 “(B) senior research fellowships to estab-
15 lished researchers in industry or at institutions
16 of higher education who wish to pursue studies
17 related to the manufacturing sciences at the In-
18 stitute.

19 “(2) APPLICATIONS.—To be eligible for an
20 award under this subsection, an individual shall sub-
21 mit an application to the Director at such time, in
22 such manner, and containing such information as
23 the Director may require.

24 “(3) STIPEND LEVELS.—The Director shall
25 provide stipends for postdoctoral research fellow-

1 ships at a level consistent with the National Insti-
2 tute of Standards and Technology Postdoctoral Re-
3 search Fellowship Program, and senior research fel-
4 lowships at levels consistent with support for a fac-
5 ulty member in a sabbatical position.

6 “(d) POST-DOCTORAL FELLOWSHIP PROGRAM.—The
7 Director, in consultation with the National Academy of
8 Sciences, shall establish and conduct a post-doctoral fel-
9 lowship program. The post-doctoral fellowship program
10 shall include not less than 20 new fellows per fiscal year.

11 “(e) TEACHER SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY EN-
12 HANCEMENT INSTITUTE PROGRAM.—

13 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall establish
14 within the Institute a teacher science and technology
15 enhancement program to provide for professional de-
16 velopment of mathematics and science teachers of el-
17 ementary, middle, and secondary schools (as those
18 terms are defined by the Director), including helping
19 to increase the teachers’ understanding of science
20 and the impacts of science on commerce.

21 “(2) FOCUS.—In carrying out the program
22 under this subsection, the Director shall focus on the
23 following areas:

24 “(A) Scientific measurements.

25 “(B) Tests and standards development.

1 “(C) Industrial competitiveness and qual-
2 ity.

3 “(D) Manufacturing.

4 “(E) Technology transfer.

5 “(F) Any other area of expertise of the In-
6 stitute that the Director considers appropriate.

7 “(3) SELECTION.—The Director shall develop
8 and issue procedures and selection criteria for par-
9 ticipants in the program under this subsection. The
10 Director shall give special consideration to an appli-
11 cation from a teacher from a high-need school (as
12 defined in section 200 of the Higher Education Act
13 of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1021)).

14 “(4) TIMING.—The program under this sub-
15 section shall be conducted on an annual basis during
16 the period of time when a majority of elementary,
17 middle, and secondary schools have not commenced
18 a school year, such as the months of June, July, or
19 August.

20 “(5) EQUIPMENT.—The program under this
21 subsection shall—

22 “(A) provide for teachers’ participation in
23 activities at the laboratory facilities of the Insti-
24 tute; or

1 “(B) utilize other means of accomplishing
2 the goals of the program , as the Director con-
3 siders appropriate, such as the Internet, video
4 conferencing and recording, and workshops and
5 conferences.”.

6 **SEC. 404. NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECH-**
7 **NOLOGY FOUNDATION.**

8 (a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of Commerce, act-
9 ing through the Director, may establish or enter into an
10 agreement with a non-profit organization to establish a
11 National Institute of Standards and Technology Founda-
12 tion. The Foundation shall not be an agency or instrumen-
13 tality of the United States Government.

14 (b) **PURPOSE.**—The purpose of the Foundation shall
15 be to support the National Institute of Standards and
16 Technology in its mission.

17 (c) **ACTIVITIES.**—Activities of the Foundation may
18 include the solicitation and acceptance of funds—

19 (1) to support international metrology and
20 standards engagement activities;

21 (2) to conduct education and outreach activi-
22 ties; and

23 (3) to offer direct support to NIST associates,
24 including through activities such as the provision of

1 fellowships, grants, and occupational safety and
2 awareness training.

3 (d) **TRANSFER OF FUNDS.**—The Director may au-
4 thorize, under the agreement under subsection (a), the
5 transfer of funds from the National Institute of Standards
6 and Technology to the non-profit organization to offset
7 any administrative costs of the Foundation.

8 (e) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

9 (1) **DIRECTOR.**—The term “Director” means
10 the Under Secretary of Commerce for Standards
11 and Technology.

12 (2) **NIST ASSOCIATE.**—The term “NIST asso-
13 ciate” means any guest researcher, research asso-
14 ciate, facility user, or volunteer who conducts re-
15 search at a National Institute of Standards and
16 Technology facility, but is not an employee of the
17 National Institute of Standards and Technology or
18 of another Federal department or agency.

19 **SEC. 405. SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL CONFERENCES.**

20 (a) **FINDINGS.**—Congress makes the following find-
21 ings:

22 (1) Cooperative research and development ac-
23 tivities, including collaboration between domestic and
24 international government, industry, and academic

1 science and engineering organizations, are important
2 to promoting innovation and knowledge creation.

3 (2) Scientific and technical conferences and
4 trade events support the sharing of information,
5 processes, and data within the scientific and engi-
6 neering communities.

7 (3) In hosting and attending scientific and tech-
8 nical conferences and trade events, Federal agen-
9 cies—

10 (A) gain greater access to top researchers
11 and to new and potentially transformative
12 ideas;

13 (B) keep abreast of developments relevant
14 to their respective missions, as is relevant for
15 future program planning;

16 (C) help disseminate Federal research re-
17 sults;

18 (D) provide opportunities both for em-
19 ployee professional development and for recruit-
20 ing new employees;

21 (E) participate in scientific peer review;
22 and

23 (F) support the reputation, visibility, and
24 leadership both of the specific agency and of
25 the United States.

1 (4) For those Federal agencies that provide fi-
2 nancial support for external research and develop-
3 ment activities, participation in scientific and tech-
4 nical conferences can help ensure that funds are di-
5 rected toward the most promising ideas, thereby
6 maximizing the Federal investment.

7 (b) POLICY.—To the extent practicable given budget,
8 security, and other constraints, each Federal agency under
9 this Act should support Federal employee attendance at
10 scientific and technical conferences and trade events as
11 relevant both to employee duties and to the agency’s mis-
12 sion.

13 (c) OVERSIGHT.—Consistent with other relevant law,
14 the Federal agencies, through appropriate oversight, shall
15 aim to minimize the costs to the Federal Government re-
16 lated to conference and trade event attendance, through
17 methods such as—

18 (1) ensuring that related fees collected by the
19 agency help offset total costs to the Government;

20 (2) developing or maintaining procedures for in-
21 vestigating unexpected increases in related costs;
22 and

23 (3) strengthening policies and training relevant
24 to conference and trade event planning and partici-
25 pation.

1 (d) IMPLEMENTATION ACTIVITIES.—Subsection 2(c)
2 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act
3 (15 U.S.C. 272(c)) is amended—

4 (1) by redesignating paragraphs (18) through
5 (22) as paragraphs (19) through (23), respectively;
6 and

7 (A) by adding after paragraph (17) the fol-
8 lowing:

9 “(18) host, participate in, and support scientific
10 and technical conferences , and collect and retain
11 conference fees for the payment of related expenses,
12 including, notwithstanding section 1345 of title 31,
13 United States Code, subsistence expenses;”.

14 **SEC. 406. STANDARDS AND CONFORMITY ASSESSMENT.**

15 Subsection 2(b) of the National Institute of Stand-
16 ards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 272(b)) is amend-
17 ed—

18 (1) by striking “is authorized to” and inserting
19 “is authorized to serve as the President’s principal
20 advisor on standards pertaining to the Nation’s in-
21 novation and technological competitiveness and to”;

22 (2) by amending paragraph (3) to read as fol-
23 lows:

24 “(3) to compare standards used in scientific in-
25 vestigation, engineering, manufacturing, commerce,

1 industry, and education with the standards adopted
2 or recognized by the Federal Government;”;

3 (3) by inserting after paragraph (3) the fol-
4 lowing:

5 “(3A) to facilitate standards-related informa-
6 tion sharing and cooperation between Federal agen-
7 cies and to coordinate the use by Federal agencies
8 of private sector standards, emphasizing if possible
9 the use of standards developed by private, consensus
10 organizations;”;

11 (4) by amending paragraph (13) to read as fol-
12 lows:

13 “(13) to coordinate the technical standards and
14 conformity assessment activities of Federal, State,
15 and local governments with those of the private sec-
16 tor, with the goal of eliminating unnecessary dupli-
17 cation and complexity in the development and pro-
18 mulgation of conformity assessment requirements
19 and measures;”;

20 (5) by renumbering paragraphs (3A) through
21 (13) as paragraphs (4) through (14), respectively.

22 **SEC. 407. VISITING COMMITTEE ON ADVANCED TECH-**
23 **NOLOGY.**

24 Section 10(a) of the National Institute of Standards
25 and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278(a)) is amended—

1 (1) by striking “15” and inserting “not fewer
2 than 9”; and

3 (2) by striking “at least 10” and inserting “a
4 majority”.

5 **SEC. 408. GRANTS AND COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.**

6 Section 8 of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Inno-
7 vation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3706) is amended by
8 amending subsection (a) to read as follows:

9 “(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may make grants
10 and enter into cooperative agreements according to the
11 provisions of this section in order to assist any activity
12 consistent with this Act, including activities performed by
13 individuals.”.

14 **SEC. 409. CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION.**

15 Section 4 of the Federal Emergency Management Im-
16 provement Act of 1988 (15 U.S.C. 5001) is amended—

17 (1) by striking “Secretary of Commerce” each
18 place it appears and inserting “Consumer Product
19 Safety Commission”; and

20 (2) by striking “Secretary” each place it ap-
21 pears and inserting “Consumer Product Safety
22 Commission”.

1 **TITLE V—SCIENCE, TECH-**
2 **NOLOGY, ENGINEERING, AND**
3 **MATHEMATICS SUPPORT**
4 **PROGRAMS**

5 **Subtitle A—National Science**
6 **Foundation**

7 **SEC. 501. DEFINITIONS.**

8 In this subtitle:

9 (1) DIRECTOR.—The term “Director” means
10 the Director of the National Science Foundation.

11 (2) FOUNDATION.—The term “Foundation”
12 means the National Science Foundation.

13 (3) INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION.—The
14 term “institution of higher education” has the
15 meaning given the term in section 101(a) of the
16 Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001(a)).

17 (4) STATE.—The term “State” means 1 of the
18 several States, the District of Columbia, the Com-
19 monwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands,
20 Guam, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the
21 Northern Mariana Islands, or any other territory or
22 possession of the United States.

23 **SEC. 502. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

24 (a) FISCAL YEAR 2015.—

1 (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be
2 appropriated to the Foundation \$7,649,310,000 for
3 fiscal year 2015.

4 (2) SPECIFIC ALLOCATIONS.—Of the amount
5 authorized by paragraph (1)—

6 (A) \$6,227,160,000 shall be authorized for
7 research and related activities;

8 (B) \$888,825,000 shall be authorized for
9 education and human resources;

10 (C) \$201,000,000 shall be authorized for
11 major research equipment and facilities con-
12 struction;

13 (D) \$312,900,000 shall be authorized for
14 agency operations and award management;

15 (E) \$4,515,000 shall be authorized for the
16 Office of the National Science Board; and

17 (F) \$14,910,000 shall be authorized for
18 the Office of Inspector General.

19 (b) FISCAL YEAR 2016.—

20 (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be
21 appropriated to the Foundation \$8,157,724,000 for
22 fiscal year 2016.

23 (2) SPECIFIC ALLOCATIONS.—Of the amount
24 authorized by paragraph (1)—

1 (A) \$6,675,516,000 shall be authorized for
2 research and related activities;

3 (B) \$933,266,000 shall be authorized for
4 education and human resources;

5 (C) \$200,000,000 shall be authorized for
6 major research equipment and facilities con-
7 struction;

8 (D) \$328,545,000 shall be authorized for
9 agency operations and award management;

10 (E) \$4,741,000 shall be authorized for the
11 Office of the National Science Board; and

12 (F) \$15,656,000 shall be authorized for
13 the Office of Inspector General.

14 (c) FISCAL YEAR 2017.—

15 (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be
16 appropriated to the Foundation \$8,702,471,000 for
17 fiscal year 2017.

18 (2) SPECIFIC ALLOCATIONS.—Of the amount
19 authorized by paragraph (1)—

20 (A) \$7,156,153,000 shall be authorized for
21 research and related activities;

22 (B) \$979,930,000 shall be authorized for
23 education and human resources;

1 (C) \$200,000,000 shall be authorized for
2 major research equipment and facilities con-
3 struction;

4 (D) \$344,972,000 shall be authorized for
5 agency operations and award management;

6 (E) \$4,978,000 shall be authorized for the
7 Office of the National Science Board; and

8 (F) \$16,438,000 shall be authorized for
9 the Office of Inspector General.

10 (d) FISCAL YEAR 2018.—

11 (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be
12 appropriated to the Foundation \$9,285,030,000 for
13 fiscal year 2018.

14 (2) SPECIFIC ALLOCATIONS.—Of the amount
15 authorized by paragraph (1)—

16 (A) \$7,671,396,000 shall be authorized for
17 research and related activities;

18 (B) \$1,028,926,000 shall be authorized for
19 education and human resources;

20 (C) \$200,000,000 shall be authorized for
21 major research equipment and facilities con-
22 struction;

23 (D) \$362,221,000 shall be authorized for
24 agency operations and award management;

1 (E) \$5,227,000 shall be authorized for the
2 Office of the National Science Board; and

3 (F) \$17,260,000 shall be authorized for
4 the Office of Inspector General.

5 (e) FISCAL YEAR 2019.—

6 (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be
7 appropriated to the Foundation \$9,908,051,000 for
8 fiscal year 2019.

9 (2) SPECIFIC ALLOCATIONS.—Of the amount
10 authorized by paragraph (1)—

11 (A) \$8,223,736,000 shall be authorized for
12 research and related activities;

13 (B) \$1,080,372,000 shall be authorized for
14 education and human resources;

15 (C) \$200,000,000 shall be authorized for
16 major research equipment and facilities con-
17 struction;

18 (D) \$380,332,000 shall be authorized for
19 agency operations and award management;

20 (E) \$5,488,000 shall be authorized for the
21 Office of the National Science Board; and

22 (F) \$18,123,000 shall be authorized for
23 the Office of Inspector General.

1 **SEC. 503. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON NATIONAL SCIENCE**
2 **FOUNDATION BASIC RESEARCH INVEST-**
3 **MENTS.**

4 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

5 (1) basic research investments support eco-
6 nomic development and national security by—

7 (A) creating a base of scientific knowledge
8 and understanding critical to innovation and to
9 the creation of new industries and jobs;

10 (B) training and attracting a community
11 of scientific and engineering experts; and

12 (C) enabling technological advances that
13 can respond to intractable or unexpected soci-
14 etal or security challenges.

15 (2) established by Congress in 1950, in part to
16 avoid U.S. reliance on foreign scientific capital, the
17 Foundation supports basic research activities in a
18 wide range of fields, including the mathematical,
19 physical, biological, and social sciences, as well as in
20 fundamental engineering;

21 (3) the Foundation's basic research investments
22 have provided novel solutions to societal challenges
23 and created the scientific and engineering knowledge
24 important to commercial successes in areas such as
25 fiber optics, DNA fingerprinting, bar codes readers,
26 and Internet browsers;

1 (4) the Foundation’s investments in social, be-
2 havioral, and economic research have addressed chal-
3 lenges, including—

4 (A) in medicine, matching organ donors to
5 patients, leading to a dramatic growth in paired
6 kidney transplants;

7 (B) in policing, implementing predictive
8 models that help to yield significant reductions
9 in crime;

10 (C) in resource allocation, developing the
11 theories underlying the Federal Communica-
12 tions Commission spectrum auction, which has
13 generated over \$60,000,000,000 in revenue;

14 (D) in disaster preparation and recovery,
15 identifying barriers to effective disaster evacu-
16 ation strategies;

17 (E) in national defense, assisting U.S.
18 troops in cross-cultural communication and in
19 identifying threats; and

20 (F) in areas such as economics, education,
21 cybersecurity, transportation, and the national
22 defense, supporting informed decision-making
23 in foreign and domestic policy;

1 (5) through its research support, the Founda-
2 tion has proven critical to the development of the
3 Nation's scientific and engineering workforce;

4 (6) having recognized the benefits of research
5 investments to their economies and workforce, the
6 Nation's economic competitors have vastly increased
7 their research efforts; and

8 (7) the economic benefits related to basic re-
9 search investments tend to accrue within the region
10 where the research is conducted.

11 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
12 gress that—

13 (1) just as in 1950, basic research investments
14 across a wide range of disciplines are crucial to the
15 Foundation's mission and essential to the scientific
16 progress of the Nation;

17 (2) The Foundation's basic research invest-
18 ments continue to support long-term national eco-
19 nomic competitiveness by expanding the potential for
20 practical innovations in science and technology and
21 by attracting and training a knowledgeable work-
22 force;

23 (3) stagnant private sector investment in basic
24 and early applied research relative to international

1 competitors emphasizes the Foundation's critical
2 role in research funding; and

3 (4) if the United States is to remain innovative
4 and globally competitive, the Foundation must con-
5 tinue to meet its legislative mandate through—

6 (A) robust support for basic research
7 across a wide range of science and engineering
8 fields, including the social, behavioral, and eco-
9 nomic sciences;

10 (B) continued support for engagement be-
11 tween scientists, particularly through scientific
12 conferences; and

13 (C) funding for the education and training
14 of the U.S. scientific and technical workforce.

15 **SEC. 504. NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION MERIT REVIEW.**

16 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
17 gress that—

18 (1) the Foundation's Intellectual Merit and
19 Broader Impacts criteria remain appropriate for
20 evaluating grant proposals, as concluded by the
21 2011 National Science Board Task Force on Merit
22 Review;

23 (2) evaluating proposals on the basis of the
24 Foundation's Intellectual Merit and Broader Im-
25 pacts criteria assures that—

1 (A) proposals funded by the Foundation
2 are of high quality and advance scientific
3 knowledge; and

4 (B) the Foundation's overall funding port-
5 folio addresses societal needs directly through
6 research findings or through related activities;
7 and

8 (3) as evidenced by the Foundation's contribu-
9 tions to scientific advancement, economic develop-
10 ment, human health, and national security, its peer
11 review and merit review processes have successfully
12 identified and funded scientifically and societally-rel-
13 evant research and must be preserved.

14 (b) CRITERIA.—The Foundation shall maintain the
15 Intellectual Merit and Broader Impacts criteria as the
16 basis for evaluating grant proposals.

17 (c) REPORT.—

18 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days
19 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director
20 shall submit to the appropriate committees of Con-
21 gress a report detailing—

22 (A) steps taken to improve the merit-re-
23 view process, the justification for any changes,
24 and the effect of these steps on funding recipi-
25 ents; and

1 (B) recent efforts by the Foundation to
2 improve transparency and accountability in the
3 merit-review process.

4 (2) CHANGES.—The Director shall update and
5 resubmit the report under paragraph (1) if there are
6 any changes to the merit-review criteria.

7 **SEC. 505. NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION STEM PRO-**
8 **GRAM CONTRIBUTION AND RESEARCH DIS-**
9 **SEMINATION.**

10 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
11 ings:

12 (1) The Foundation’s Directorate for Education
13 and Human Resources supports STEM education
14 by—

15 (A) funding research into student learning,
16 to include learning in informal environments;

17 (B) supporting programs to improve peda-
18 gogy and to increase the participation of under-
19 represented groups in the STEM workforce;

20 (C) providing financial support for stu-
21 dents pursuing STEM degrees and encouraging
22 students to become STEM educators; and

23 (D) promoting the adoption of validated
24 teaching practices and encouraging broad
25 STEM literacy.

1 (2) External evaluations of the Foundation’s
2 education programs demonstrate that the education
3 programs produce more highly qualified teachers, in-
4 crease interest in STEM careers and in higher edu-
5 cation, broaden the participation of underrep-
6 resented minorities in STEM fields, and support the
7 development of the STEM workforce.

8 (b) POLICY.—It is the policy of the United States
9 that—

10 (1) the Foundation should maintain robust in-
11 vestments in STEM education, including in teacher
12 education at the K-12 and undergraduate levels, and
13 in identifying and adapting promising STEM learn-
14 ing projects for broader use;

15 (2) the Foundation’s educational initiatives
16 should—

17 (A) develop, evaluate, and promote new or
18 transformative approaches to STEM education
19 both inside and outside of the classroom;

20 (B) balance support for research into edu-
21 cation, for transforming promising research into
22 innovative educational approaches, tools, and
23 programs, and for disseminating pedagogical
24 best practices; and

1 (C) consider the needs of the educational
2 community, including academia, informal edu-
3 cational providers, and non-profit, industry, and
4 local, State, and Federal education agencies;
5 and

6 (3) while the Federal Government should seek
7 to optimize its STEM education initiatives, decisions
8 related to the expansion, consolidation, or reorga-
9 nization of STEM programs should be supported
10 both by program evaluations and by careful consid-
11 eration of each affected program's contribution to
12 agency and Federal education goals.

13 (c) EVALUATION.—The Director shall ensure that the
14 Foundation's education programs have measurable objec-
15 tives and clear, documented metrics for evaluating pro-
16 gram outcomes. The Director shall, for each education
17 program or portfolio of similar programs—

18 (1) include measurable objectives and mile-
19 stones within program solicitations;

20 (2) encourage the collection of quantitative data
21 as relevant to the measurable objectives and mile-
22 stones in paragraph (1);

23 (3) engage external evaluators, which may in-
24 clude Foundation-funded researchers, in assessing

1 the impact of the program or portfolio against the
2 objectives and milestones in paragraph (1);

3 (4) ensure that program or portfolio evaluations
4 focus on the impact of the program rather than just
5 the inputs or activities completed; and

6 (5) wherever practicable, conduct longitudinal
7 or comparison group studies to more clearly dem-
8 onstrate program or portfolio impacts.

9 (d) BEST PRACTICES.—The Director shall support
10 activities to disseminate and catalyze the adoption of em-
11 pirically-validated best practices in STEM education con-
12 tent and pedagogy. In conducting these activities, the Di-
13 rector shall, at a minimum,—

14 (1) identify those best practices that have been
15 validated through peer-reviewed research efforts;

16 (2) establish collaborations with organizations
17 involved in teacher training, to include other Federal
18 science agencies, professional associations, institu-
19 tions of higher education, and private sector entities
20 , including informal education providers, as appro-
21 priate; and

22 (3) through collaboration with organizations in-
23 volved in teacher training, transmit best practice in-
24 formation to educators.

1 (e) PROGRAM SCALING GRANTS.—The Director shall
2 incentivize and support the widespread adoption of evi-
3 dence-based education practices and of initiatives that
4 have been proven successful through rigorous evaluation.

5 (1) AWARDS.—Grants under this subsection
6 shall be competitively awarded to propagate prac-
7 tices that improve student learning and increase par-
8 ticipation and retention in STEM fields.

9 (2) ELIGIBILITY.—The following organizations
10 may be eligible for grants under this subsection:

11 (A) Institutions of higher education.

12 (B) State, local, and non-profit educational
13 organizations.

14 (C) Other educational groups as identified
15 by the Director.

16 (3) USE OF FUNDS.—Activities supported by
17 grants under this subsection may include—

18 (A) expanding promising education
19 projects and initiatives; and

20 (B) supporting professional development or
21 community outreach efforts, as required to en-
22 courage a commitment to educational reforms.

23 **SEC. 506. STEM TEACHER TRAINING.**

24 (a) REAFFIRMATION.—Congress reaffirms its sup-
25 port, as expressed in the America COMPETES Act (Pub-

1 lic Law 110—69; 121 Stat. 572) and the America COM-
2 PETES Reauthorization Act of 2010 (Public Law 111—
3 358; 124 Stat. 3982), for developing, implementing, and
4 replicating programs at institutions of higher education to
5 recruit and prepare STEM educators.

6 (b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to fur-
7 ther encourage the development, implementation, and
8 adoption of projects to recruit, prepare, and provide for
9 the training and professional development of STEM edu-
10 cators. The projects may be established, administered, or
11 conducted in cooperation with institutions of higher edu-
12 cation, public, non-profit, or professional groups, and Fed-
13 eral, State, or local entities involved in education.

14 (c) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall provide grants
15 to fund projects, including workshops, in order to provide
16 teacher training and professional development for current
17 and potential K-12 STEM educators.

18 (d) EDUCATOR TRAINING.—In carrying out this sec-
19 tion, the Director shall support the training and profes-
20 sional development of STEM educators—

21 (1) to increase comfort with teaching scientific
22 concepts and engineering practices, and with using
23 inquiry-based learning methods; and

1 (2) to assist in integrating validated educational
2 technologies, best practices, and methodologies into
3 their pedagogy.

4 (e) AREAS OF FOCUS.—In carrying out this section,
5 the Director shall focus on—

6 (1) synthesizing the results of the Foundation’s
7 efforts in the training and professional development
8 of STEM educators;

9 (2) disseminating effective content, pedagogy,
10 tools, and best practices, as supported by Founda-
11 tion-sponsored education research, in areas including
12 active STEM education;

13 (3) assisting teachers in integrating effective
14 content, pedagogy, tools, and best practices into stu-
15 dent instruction; and

16 (4) increasing teacher comfort with teaching
17 scientific concepts and engineering practices, as well
18 as with inquiry based learning methods.

19 (f) FEDERAL COORDINATION.—The Director,
20 through collaboration with the National Science and Tech-
21 nology Council Committee on Science, Technology, Engi-
22 neering, and Math Education, shall ensure that Federal
23 support for teacher training and professional development
24 activities under this section are coordinated across Federal
25 science agencies and jointly supported, as appropriate.

1 (g) COLLABORATION.—Funded workshops and teach-
2 er training activities may occur in collaboration with in-
3 dustry, professional associations, non-profit organizations,
4 and institutions of higher education, including community
5 colleges. Potential collaborations may include—

6 (1) professional development activities that fa-
7 cilitate teacher access to academic, government, and
8 industry STEM professionals;

9 (2) establishing or expanding projects designed
10 to recruit and train STEM educators;

11 (3) industry, organization, or State or local
12 agency co-funding for teacher professional develop-
13 ment activities.

14 (h) REPORT.—The Director shall include, in the
15 Foundation annual budget report to Congress, a summary
16 of teacher training projects funded by the Foundation dur-
17 ing the previous fiscal year and the needs addressed by
18 each funded project.

19 **SEC. 507. ROBERT NOYCE TEACHER SCHOLARSHIP PRO-**
20 **GRAM.**

21 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

22 (1) the Robert Noyce Teacher Scholarship Pro-
23 gram supports the development and dissemination of
24 effective teacher preparation models and the recruit-

1 ment, preparation, and retention of STEM edu-
2 cators;

3 (2) as a result of awards granted between fiscal
4 years 2002 and 2013, the Robert Noyce Teacher
5 Scholarship Program will produce over 12,000 new
6 math and science teachers, including in high-need
7 districts; and

8 (3) independent evaluation suggests that the
9 Robert Noyce Teacher Scholarship Program im-
10 proves recruitment of underrepresented and STEM-
11 trained students into teaching, encourages teachers
12 to work in high-need areas, and can improve rela-
13 tionships between teacher preparation programs and
14 industry.

15 (b) RETENTION.—Section 10 of the National Science
16 Foundation Authorization Act of 2002 (42 U.S.C. 1862n-
17 1) is amended by striking subsection (k) and inserting the
18 following:

19 “(k) TEACHER SERVICE AND RETENTION.—The Di-
20 rector shall develop and implement practices for increasing
21 the retention of teachers funded under this section in high-
22 need districts. Potential actions may include—

23 “(1) conducting research to better understand
24 factors relevant to teacher retention;

1 “(2) increasing the recruitment from high-need
2 districts;

3 “(3) partnering with non-profit or professional
4 associations to provide teachers funded under this
5 section with more opportunities for professional de-
6 velopment and mentorship;

7 “(4) establishing a system to better collect,
8 track, and respond to data on the career decisions
9 of teachers funded under this section; and

10 “(5) conducting pilot programs to improve
11 teacher retention.”.

12 (c) EXPANSION.—Section 10 of the National Science
13 Foundation Authorization Act of 2002 (42 U.S.C. 1862n-
14 1) is amended by adding at the end the following:

15 “(m) EXPANSION.—The Director shall encourage the
16 expansion of the Robert Noyce Teacher Scholarship Pro-
17 gram by—

18 “(1) actively recruiting participation among and
19 providing proposal drafting assistance to institutions
20 of higher education that do not grant doctoral de-
21 grees, including associate-degree granting institu-
22 tions and community colleges;

23 “(2) encouraging a broad geographic distribu-
24 tion of funding recipients under this section through
25 increased outreach to geographic regions that have

1 been traditionally underfunded by the Robert Noyce
2 Teacher Scholarship Program, relative to other re-
3 gions; and

4 “(3) soliciting grant proposals that incorporate
5 technology into teacher training, including the devel-
6 opment of distance learning techniques to support
7 teacher training in rural areas.”.

8 **SEC. 508. EARLY UNDERGRADUATE RESEARCH OPPORTU-**
9 **NITIES.**

10 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

11 (1) fewer than 40 percent of college students
12 who intend to pursue a STEM degree complete a
13 STEM degree;

14 (2) evaluations of the Foundation’s Research
15 Experiences for Undergraduates Program, which en-
16 gages undergraduate students in research activities,
17 suggest that research experiences increase partici-
18 pant awareness, confidence, and interest in research
19 fields; and

20 (3) providing research experiences, particularly
21 during the first 2 years of undergraduate education,
22 improves both persistence and performance in
23 STEM fields.

24 (b) GRANT AWARDS.—The Director shall support,
25 through the Division of Undergraduate Education, innova-

1 tion in early undergraduate education, with a focus on stu-
2 dents in the first 2 years of undergraduate STEM edu-
3 cation. Potential awards may include grants to institu-
4 tions—

5 (1) to facilitate the expanded participation of
6 first or second year undergraduate students at re-
7 search sites (as defined under section 514 of the
8 America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010
9 (42 U.S.C. 1862p-6) designated to provide research
10 experiences for undergraduate students; and

11 (2) to implement innovative research and engi-
12 neering design courses, including those focusing on
13 mentorship or discovery-based learning, for first or
14 second year undergraduate students.

15 **SEC. 509. INFORMAL STEM EDUCATION.**

16 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsections (h) and (j),
17 the Director shall maintain a grant program to support
18 STEM learning activities in informal educational settings.
19 The purpose of the grant program shall be to improve
20 STEM engagement and outcomes among students in kin-
21 dergarten through twelfth grade.

22 (b) USE OF FUNDS.—Grants under this section may
23 support—

24 (1) research to identify best practices in infor-
25 mal STEM learning;

1 (2) designing, developing, implementing, evalu-
2 ating, or expanding innovative or promising informal
3 STEM learning activities, tools, or models;

4 (3) implementing, expanding, or evaluating
5 promising informal STEM learning activities that
6 promote Federal or agency STEM education goals;

7 (4) developing communities of practice in infor-
8 mal STEM learning;

9 (5) improving the STEM and educational ex-
10 pertise of informal STEM educators; and

11 (6) creating a national network of institutions
12 involved in informal STEM learning.

13 (c) NATIONAL NETWORK.—The Director shall award,
14 in supporting the national network under subsection (b),
15 grants to foster partnerships between institutions involved
16 in informal science learning, institutions of higher edu-
17 cation, and education research centers. Funded activities
18 may include developing, adapting, and making available
19 informal STEM education activities and educational mate-
20 rials for broad implementation.

21 (d) KINDERGARTEN THROUGH EIGHTH GRADE INI-
22 TIATIVE FOR UNDERREPRESENTED GROUPS.—Within the
23 grant program established under subsection (a), the Direc-
24 tor shall support an initiative to engage underrepresented
25 students in kindergarten through the eighth grade in in-

1 formal STEM education activities. Activities funded
2 through the initiative may include—

3 (1) exposing underrepresented students to role
4 models and near-peer mentors in the STEM fields;

5 (2) providing for underrepresented student to
6 attend STEM-related events, competitions, and pro-
7 grams;

8 (3) providing information regarding STEM ca-
9 reer opportunities to underrepresented students and
10 their parents;

11 (4) training informal educators in the use of
12 evidence-based methods for engaging underrep-
13 resented students in STEM; and

14 (5) any other activities described under sub-
15 section (b) that the Director considers relevant to
16 underrepresented students.

17 (e) ELIGIBILITY.—Grants under this section shall be
18 competitively awarded to organizations that provide infor-
19 mal STEM education activities to students in kinder-
20 garten through the twelfth grade, such as—

21 (1) State, local, and non-profit or nongovern-
22 mental educational organizations;

23 (2) institutions of higher education;

24 (3) other education-oriented organizations, as
25 identified by the Director; and

1 (4) consortia of any organizations listed in
2 paragraphs (1) through (3).

3 (f) APPLICATIONS.—An application for funding
4 under this section shall be submitted at such time and
5 in such manner and contain such information as the Di-
6 rector considers necessary. An application shall include,
7 at a minimum—

8 (1) a description of the student population to be
9 served by the activity;

10 (2) a description of the process for attracting,
11 recruiting, or selecting student participants;

12 (3) a description of how funded activities would
13 support research into engaging students, including
14 underrepresented students, in STEM and into pro-
15 moting their academic achievement;

16 (4) an evaluation plan consistent with the re-
17 quirements under subsection (g);

18 (5) a description of the applicant's experience
19 and expertise in providing informal education activi-
20 ties; and

21 (6) if an application is relevant to the initiative
22 in subsection (d), a description of the applicant's ex-
23 perience and expertise in increasing the participation
24 of underrepresented students in STEM.

1 (g) EVALUATIONS.—The Director shall require each
2 grant recipient under this section to submit an evaluation
3 at the conclusion of each fiscal year during which funds
4 are received under this section. The evaluation shall—

5 (1) include both formative and summative eval-
6 uations of the funded activity, as applicable to deter-
7 mining or improving its impact and efficacy;

8 (2) be in a form prescribed by the Director; and

9 (3) be submitted to the Director.

10 (h) RESEARCH IMPACTS.—Each grant under this sec-
11 tion shall be relevant to research on student engagement
12 in STEM fields. In ensuring that grants help identify, de-
13 velop, implement, or propagate best practices in informal
14 STEM education, the Director may establish, as nec-
15 essary, additional reporting requirements for a grant re-
16 cipient under this section.

17 (i) BROADER IMPACTS.—The Director may encour-
18 age all research grant recipients, in satisfying the Founda-
19 tion’s Broader Impacts criterion, to dedicate a portion of
20 awarded funds to public engagement activities conducted
21 through sustained collaboration with an informal STEM
22 education organization or initiative.

23 (j) LIMITATIONS.—A grant under this section may
24 not be used for construction of infrastructure or employee
25 compensation.

1 (k) COORDINATION.—In carrying out this section, the
2 Director shall consult with other relevant Federal agen-
3 cies, and cooperate and coordinate with those Federal
4 agencies, as necessary, to enhance program effectiveness
5 and to avoid duplication with the programs and policies
6 of those Federal agencies.

7 (l) ACCOUNTABILITY AND DISSEMINATION.—Not
8 later than 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act,
9 the Director shall evaluate the grants under this section
10 and, to the extent practicable, identify any research out-
11 puts, best practices, and materials developed or dem-
12 onstrated. Not later than 180 days after the date the eval-
13 uation is complete, the Director shall submit to the appro-
14 priate committees of Congress and make widely available
15 to the public a report that includes—

16 (1) the results of the evaluation; and

17 (2) any recommendations for improving infor-
18 mal STEM education, STEM engagement, and
19 STEM education outcomes among students in kin-
20 dergarten through twelfth grade.

21 **SEC. 510. BROADENING PARTICIPATION.**

22 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall invest in
23 broadening the participation of underrepresented groups,
24 including minorities, women, and students from rural

1 areas, in STEM fields. Investments shall include competi-
2 tively awarded grants—

3 (1) to support institutions of higher education
4 in providing academic and social support for under-
5 represented groups;

6 (2) to facilitate student research activities;

7 (3) to establish, maintain, and expand partner-
8 ships, including research collaborations, between na-
9 tional research laboratories, Federal agencies, indus-
10 try, and minority-serving institutions (as described
11 in section 371 of part J of title IV of the Higher
12 Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067q(a))), in-
13 cluding community colleges;

14 (4) to promote activities to improve, among
15 parents and students in underrepresented groups,
16 awareness of educational and career opportunities in
17 STEM fields;

18 (5) to conduct data collection and research ac-
19 tivities relevant to recruitment, retention, instruc-
20 tion, and curriculum development in STEM fields;
21 and

22 (6) to expand those projects that broaden the
23 participation of underrepresented groups in STEM
24 fields.

1 (b) USE OF FUNDS.—Grants to broaden the partici-
2 pation of underrepresented groups in STEM fields shall
3 support activities such as—

4 (1) mentoring programs that partner STEM
5 professionals with students;

6 (2) internships for undergraduate and graduate
7 students in STEM;

8 (3) outreach programs that provide elementary
9 and secondary school students with exposure to
10 STEM fields; and

11 (4) additional programs as the Director may
12 determine.

13 (c) EVALUATION.—The Director, for each broadening
14 participation program or portfolio of programs, shall—

15 (1) identify and include measurable objectives
16 and milestones in each program’s solicitation;

17 (2) encourage the collection of quantitative data
18 as relevant to the measurable objectives and mile-
19 stones under paragraph (1);

20 (3) engage external evaluators in assessing the
21 impact of the program or portfolio against the objec-
22 tives and milestones under paragraph (1);

23 (4) ensure that program or portfolio evaluations
24 focus on the impact of the program rather than just
25 the inputs or activities completed; and

1 (5) whenever practicable, conduct longitudinal
2 or comparison group studies to more clearly dem-
3 onstrate program or portfolio impacts.

4 **SEC. 511. PRIZES AND CHALLENGES FOR BROADENING**
5 **PARTICIPATION.**

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—In order to encourage the partici-
7 pation of underrepresented students in STEM fields, the
8 Director may establish a prize or challenge under the
9 America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010 (Pub-
10 lic Law 111—358; 124 Stat. 3982) or under any other
11 provision of law, as appropriate.

12 (b) PURPOSES.—The purpose of a prize or challenge
13 under this section, among other possible purposes, may
14 be—

15 (1) to recognize institutions of higher education
16 that have achieved sustained improvements in the
17 recruitment, retention, and graduation rates of
18 underrepresented students in STEM fields;

19 (2) to encourage innovation by institutions of
20 higher education in improving the recruitment, re-
21 tention, and graduation rates of underrepresented
22 students in STEM fields;

23 (3) to develop, identify, and broadly distribute
24 best practices in the recruitment, retention, and

1 graduation rates of underrepresented students in
2 STEM fields; or

3 (4) to address other issues related to the par-
4 ticipation of underrepresented groups in the STEM
5 fields, as the Director considers necessary.

6 (c) SELECTION.—Each prize award made under this
7 section shall be determined based on proven outcomes for
8 underrepresented students in STEM fields, as dem-
9 onstrated through rigorous, data-driven evaluation.

10 **SEC. 512. COMMERCIALIZATION GRANTS.**

11 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall continue to
12 award grants to promote the translation of research dis-
13 coveries into the marketplace.

14 (b) USE OF FUNDS.—Commercialization grants
15 awarded under this section may be used to fund activities
16 such as—

17 (1) identifying Foundation-sponsored research
18 and technologies that have the potential for acceler-
19 ated commercialization;

20 (2) supporting prior or current Foundation-
21 funded investigators in developing early-stage
22 proofs-of-concept and prototypes of technologies that
23 are derived from Foundation-funded research and
24 have potential market value;

1 (3) promoting sustainable partnerships between
2 Foundation-funded institutions, industry, and other
3 organizations within academia and the private sector
4 with the purpose of accelerating technology transfer;

5 (4) developing multi-disciplinary innovation eco-
6 systems which involve and are responsive to specific
7 needs of academia and industry; and

8 (5) providing professional development, men-
9 toring, and advice in entrepreneurship, project man-
10 agement, and technology and business development
11 to innovators.

12 (c) ELIGIBILITY.—

13 (1) IN GENERAL.—The following organizations
14 may be eligible for grants under this section:

15 (A) Institutions of higher education.

16 (B) Public technology transfer organiza-
17 tions.

18 (C) Nonprofit technology transfer organi-
19 zations.

20 (D) A consortia of 2 or more of the organi-
21 zations described under subparagraphs (A)
22 through (C).

23 (2) LEAD ORGANIZATIONS.—Any eligible orga-
24 nization under paragraph (1) may apply as a lead
25 organization.

1 (d) APPLICATIONS.—An organization seeking a grant
2 under this section shall be required to meet such require-
3 ments and to submit an application to the Director at such
4 time, in such manner, and containing such information as
5 the Director may require. The Director shall—

6 (1) solicit applications from Foundation grants
7 recipients who have developed technologies with the
8 potential for commercialization; and

9 (2) seek from Foundation offices and divisions
10 recommendations on outstanding Foundation-funded
11 research with clear potential for commercialization
12 within a 3- to 5-year period.

13 (e) REPORT.—Not later than 3 years after the date
14 of enactment of this Act, the Director shall—

15 (1) report to the appropriate committees of
16 Congress on the impact of commercialization grants
17 described under subsections (a) and (b); and

18 (2) make recommendations on whether and how
19 a technology commercialization fund could be adopt-
20 ed by other Federal research and development agen-
21 cies.

22 **SEC. 513. NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION INNOVATION**
23 **CORPS.**

24 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
25 ings:

1 (1) The National Science Foundation Innova-
2 tion Corps (referred to in this section as the “I-
3 Corps”) was established to foster a national innova-
4 tion ecosystem by encouraging institutions, sci-
5 entists, engineers, and entrepreneurs to identify and
6 explore the potential of Foundation-funded research
7 well beyond the laboratory.

8 (2) Through I-Corps, the Foundation invests in
9 entrepreneurship and commercialization education,
10 training, and mentoring that can ultimately lead to
11 the practical deployment of technologies, products,
12 processes, and services that improve the Nation’s
13 competitiveness and benefit society.

14 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
15 gress that, in order to promote a strong, lasting founda-
16 tion for the American innovation ecosystem, I-Corps
17 should continue to build a network of entrepreneurs, edu-
18 cators, mentors, and institutions and support specialized
19 education and training.

20 (c) EXPANSION OF I-CORPS AND SIMILAR PRO-
21 GRAMS.—

22 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall encour-
23 age the development and expansion of I-Corps and
24 of other training programs that focus on graduate
25 student professional development, including edu-

1 cation in product commercialization and entrepre-
2 neurship. To facilitate this development and expan-
3 sion, the Director may establish agreements with
4 other Federal agencies that fund scientific research
5 and development to allow researchers funded by
6 those agencies to participate in the I-Corps program.

7 (2) TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY GRADUATE EDU-
8 CATION.—Sections 527(b) of the America COM-
9 PETES Reauthorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C.
10 1862p-15(b)) is amended—

11 (A) by striking paragraphs (6) and (7);
12 and

13 (B) by inserting after paragraph (5) the
14 following:

15 “(6) development and implementation of semi-
16 nars, workshops, and other professional development
17 activities that increase the ability of graduate stu-
18 dents to engage in innovation, technology transfer,
19 research commercialization, and entrepreneurship;

20 “(7) development and implementation of semi-
21 nars, workshops, and other professional development
22 activities that increase the ability of graduate stu-
23 dents to effectively communicate their research find-
24 ings to technical audiences outside of their own dis-

1 cipline and to nontechnical audiences, including po-
2 tential commercial partners and investors;”.

3 **SEC. 514. GRADUATE TRAINEESHIP GRANT PROGRAM.**

4 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 1 year after
5 the date of enactment of this Act, the Director shall estab-
6 lish a grant program to incentivize the establishment, im-
7 provement, or expansion of qualifying traineeship pro-
8 grams for graduate students.

9 (b) AWARDS TO ELIGIBLE INSTITUTIONS.—

10 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director may award a
11 grant under this section, in an amount determined
12 by the Director, to an eligible institution for the es-
13 tablishment, improvement, or expansion of a quali-
14 fying traineeship program.

15 (2) PARTNERSHIP.—An eligible institution may
16 partner with 1 or more nonprofit education or re-
17 search organizations, including scientific and engi-
18 neering societies, for the purposes of carrying out
19 the activities authorized under this section.

20 (3) USE OF FUNDS.—A grant to an eligible in-
21 stitution may be used—

22 (A) to provide up to 5 years of student
23 support to trainees , including stipends, tuition
24 and fees, education allowances, and support for
25 ancillary needs; and

1 (B) to fund permissible activities.

2 (4) PERMISSIBLE ACTIVITIES.—Activities sup-
3 ported by grants to eligible institutions under this
4 section may include—

5 (A) designing curricula that combine edu-
6 cational content with professional skill develop-
7 ment relevant to a diversity of career pathways;

8 (B) advancing a multi-disciplinary focus
9 that applies advanced knowledge to problem
10 solving in multiple areas;

11 (C) providing opportunities for graduate
12 students to gain teamwork, oral communication,
13 planning and project management, writing,
14 presentation, and entrepreneurial skills;

15 (D) creating advisory committees of em-
16 ployers to provide input and expertise in design-
17 ing or modifying graduate education programs;

18 (E) providing graduate students with re-
19 sources and guidance for a variety of career
20 pathways; and

21 (F) implementing an accountability and re-
22 porting system which tracks enrollment, com-
23 pletion rates, and job placement information for
24 the trainees supported under the traineeship
25 program.

1 (5) NON-FEDERAL MATCHING.—An eligible in-
2 stitution receiving funding under this section for the
3 establishment, improvement, or expansion of a quali-
4 fying traineeship program may be required to con-
5 tribute non-Federal funds to the effort in an amount
6 that is significant and specified by the Director.

7 (c) AWARDS TO INDIVIDUALS.—The Director may
8 award a grant under this section to a Foundation-sup-
9 ported principal investigator, graduate student, or post-
10 doctoral fellow, in an amount determined by the Director,
11 to support professional skills development through partici-
12 pation in a qualifying traineeship program.

13 (d) MERIT REVIEW.—

14 (1) IN GENERAL.—Each grant awarded under
15 this section shall be provided on a competitive,
16 merit-reviewed basis.

17 (2) CONSIDERATIONS.—In selecting a quali-
18 fying institution to receive a grant under subsection
19 (c), the Director shall consider at a minimum—

20 (A) the likelihood of success in under-
21 taking the proposed effort at the eligible insti-
22 tution submitting the application;

23 (B) the evidence of long-term organiza-
24 tional support for the existing or proposed
25 traineeship program; and

1 (C) the inclusion of plans for the assess-
2 ment of the existing or proposed traineeship
3 program and for the dissemination of best prac-
4 tices.

5 (e) EVALUATION.—The Director shall evaluate the
6 traineeship grant program established under this section
7 not later than 6 years after the date the program is estab-
8 lished. At a minimum, the Director shall evaluate the ex-
9 tent to which the program has achieved the objective of
10 supporting career development among graduate students.

11 (f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

12 (1) ELIGIBLE INSTITUTION.—The term “eligi-
13 ble institution” means an institution of higher edu-
14 cation.

15 (2) QUALIFYING TRAINEESHIP PROGRAM.—The
16 term “qualifying traineeship program” means a
17 traineeship program designed—

18 (A) to provide graduate students with ca-
19 reer experience related to the graduate stu-
20 dents’ fields of study;

21 (B) to increase the relevance of academic
22 preparation to national workforce needs, includ-
23 ing the needs of industry or Federal, State, or
24 local government;

1 (C) to support education and experience in
2 entrepreneurship and commercialization; and

3 (D) to provide for tuition and fees and
4 such stipends and allowances, including travel
5 and subsistence expenses and dependency allow-
6 ances, for the trainees as the Director considers
7 necessary.

8 **SEC. 515. THE EXPERIMENTAL PROGRAM TO STIMULATE**
9 **COMPETITIVE RESEARCH.**

10 (a) FINDINGS.—Section 517(a) of the America COM-
11 PETES Reauthorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 1862p-
12 9(a)) is amended—

13 (1) in paragraph (1)—

14 (A) by striking “The National” and insert-
15 ing “the National”; and

16 (B) by striking “education,” and inserting
17 “education”;

18 (2) in paragraph (2), by striking “with 27
19 States and 2 jurisdictions, taken together, receiving
20 only about 10 percent of all NSF research funding”
21 and inserting “with 28 States and 3 jurisdictions,
22 taken together, receiving only about 12 percent of all
23 National Science Foundation research funding”;

24 (3) by striking paragraph (3); and

1 (4) by inserting after paragraph (2) the fol-
2 lowing:

3 “(3) first established at the National Science
4 Foundation in 1979, the Experimental Program to
5 Stimulate Competitive Research (referred to in this
6 section as ‘EPSCoR’) assists States and jurisdic-
7 tions historically underserved by Federal research
8 and development funding in strengthening their re-
9 search and innovation capabilities;

10 “(4) The EPSCoR structure requires each par-
11 ticipating State to develop a science and technology
12 plan suited to local research, education, and eco-
13 nomic interests and objectives;

14 “(5) EPSCoR has been credited with improving
15 awareness of science, promoting policies that link
16 scientific investment and economic growth, encour-
17 aging partnerships between government, industry,
18 and academia, and advancing the research competi-
19 tiveness of participating States;

20 “(6) EPSCoR proposals are evaluated through
21 rigorous and competitive merit-review processes to
22 ensure that awarded research efforts meet high sci-
23 entific standards; and

24 “(7) according to the National Academy of
25 Sciences, EPSCoR has strengthened the national re-

1 search infrastructure and enhanced the educational
2 opportunities needed to develop the science and engi-
3 neering workforce.”.

4 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—

5 (1) IN GENERAL.—It is the sense of Congress
6 that—

7 (A) since maintaining the Nation’s sci-
8 entific and economic leadership requires the
9 participation of talented individuals nationwide,
10 EPSCoR investments into State research and
11 education capacities are in the Federal interest
12 and should be sustained; and

13 (B) EPSCoR should maintain its experi-
14 mental component by supporting innovative
15 methods for improving research capacity and
16 competitiveness.

17 (2) DEFINITION OF EPSCoR.—In this sub-
18 section, the term “EPSCoR” has the meaning given
19 the term in section 502 of the America COMPETES
20 Reauthorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 1862p
21 note).

22 (c) CONTINUATION OF EPSCoR.—Section 517(b) of
23 the America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010
24 (42 U.S.C. 1862p-9(b)) is amended to read as follows:

1 “(b) CONTINUATION OF PROGRAM.—The Director
2 shall continue to carry out EPSCoR, with the objective
3 of helping the eligible States to develop the research infra-
4 structure that will make them more competitive for Foun-
5 dation research funding. The program shall continue to
6 increase as the National Science Foundation funding in-
7 creases.”.

8 (d) AWARD STRUCTURE STUDY.—Section 517 of the
9 America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010 (42
10 U.S.C. 1862p-9) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
11 lowing:

12 “(g) AWARD STRUCTURE PLAN.—In implementing
13 its mandate to maximize the impact of Federal EPSCoR
14 support on building competitive research infrastructure,
15 and based on the inputs and recommendation of previous
16 EPSCoR reviews, the EPSCoR Interagency Coordinating
17 Committee shall develop a plan that, at a minimum—

18 “(1) considers modifications to EPSCoR pro-
19 posal solicitation, award type, and project evalua-
20 tion—

21 “(A) to better reflect current agency prior-
22 ities;

23 “(B) to focus EPSCoR funding on achiev-
24 ing critical scientific, infrastructure, and edu-

1 cational needs of participating agencies and ju-
2 risdictions;

3 “(C) to encourage collaboration between
4 EPSCoR-funded institutions and researchers,
5 including with institutions and researchers in
6 other States and jurisdictions;

7 “(D) to improve communication between
8 State and Federal agency proposal reviewers;
9 and

10 “(E) to continue to reduce administrative
11 burdens associated with EPSCoR;

12 “(2) considers modifications to EPSCoR award
13 structures—

14 “(A) to emphasize long-term investments
15 in building research capacity, potentially
16 through the use of larger, renewable funding
17 opportunities; and

18 “(B) to allow participating agencies,
19 States, and jurisdictions to experiment with
20 new research and development funding models;
21 and

22 “(3) considers modifications to the mechanisms
23 used to monitor and evaluate EPSCoR awards—

24 “(A) to increase collaboration between
25 EPSCoR-funded researchers and agency staff,

1 including by providing opportunities for men-
2 toring young researchers and for the use of
3 Federal facilities;

4 “(B) to identify and disseminate best prac-
5 tices; and

6 “(C) to harmonize metrics across partici-
7 pating agencies, as appropriate.”.

8 (e) REPORTS.—

9 (1) CONGRESSIONAL REPORTS.—Section 517 of
10 the America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of
11 2010 (42 U.S.C. 1862p-9), as amended, is further
12 amended—

13 (A) by striking subsection (c);

14 (B) by redesignating subsections (d)
15 through (g) as subsections (c) through (f), re-
16 spectively; and

17 (C) by amending subsection (d), as reded-
18 igned, to read as follows:

19 “(d) FEDERAL AGENCY REPORTS.—Each Federal
20 agency that administers an EPSCoR program, as part of
21 its Federal budget submission, shall submit to the appro-
22 priate committees of Congress—

23 “(1) a description of the program strategy and
24 objectives;

1 “(2) a description of the awards made in the
2 previous year, including—

3 “(A) the total amount made available, by
4 State, under EPSCoR;

5 “(B) if applicable, the amount of co-fund-
6 ing made available to EPSCoR States;

7 “(C) the total amount of agency funding
8 made available to all institutions and entities
9 within EPSCoR States;

10 “(D) the efforts and accomplishments to
11 more fully integrate the EPSCoR States in
12 major agency activities and initiatives;

13 “(E) the percentage of reviewers and num-
14 ber of new reviewers from EPSCoR States;

15 “(F) the percentage of new investigators
16 from EPSCoR States; and

17 “(G) the number of programs or large col-
18 laborator awards involving a partnership of or-
19 ganizations and institutions from EPSCoR and
20 non-EPSCoR States; and

21 “(3) an analysis of the gains in academic re-
22 search quality and competitiveness, and in science
23 and technology human resource development,
24 achieved by the program in the last year.”.

1 National Science Board shall consider including metrics
2 that—

3 (1) assess student understanding of science and
4 engineering practices and their application to real-
5 world situations;

6 (2) address student comprehension of core
7 science and engineering principles;

8 (3) emphasize student engagement in and expo-
9 sure to science and engineering practices;

10 (4) measure student ability to develop and use
11 science and engineering knowledge.

12 (b) CONSULTATION.—In conducting its assessment,
13 the National Science Board shall consult Federal, State,
14 local, and private sector experts and draw upon available
15 studies relevant to science and engineering education and
16 assessment.

17 (c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date
18 of enactment of this Act, the National Science Board shall
19 transmit to the appropriate committees of Congress a re-
20 port detailing potential methodologies for assessing trends
21 in national science and engineering proficiency for grades
22 K–12. At a minimum, this report shall include—

23 (1) a detailed list of recommended metrics for
24 evaluating science and engineering proficiency;

1 (2) an assessment of any potential costs and
2 challenges in assessing science and engineering pro-
3 ficiency nationally; and

4 (3) a recommendation on how best, if at all, to
5 integrate the science and engineering proficiency
6 metrics into the report required under section 4(j) of
7 the National Science Foundation Act of 1950 (42
8 U.S.C. 1863(j)).

9 **SEC. 517. INTEGRATIVE GRADUATE EDUCATION AND RE-**
10 **SEARCH TRAINEESHIP PROGRAM.**

11 Section 510(b) of the America COMPETES Reau-
12 thorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 1869 note) is amended
13 to read as follows:

14 “(b) EQUAL TREATMENT OF IGERT AND GRF.—

15 “(1) RATE OF FUNDING INCREASE.—Beginning
16 in the first fiscal year after the date of enactment
17 of the America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of
18 2014 and each fiscal year thereafter, the Director
19 may only increase funding for the Foundation’s
20 Graduate Research Fellowship program (or any suc-
21 cessor thereto), relative to the previous fiscal year’s
22 funding level, at the same rate as a corresponding
23 funding increase to the Foundation’s Integrative
24 Graduate Education and Research Traineeship pro-
25 gram (or any successor thereto).

1 “(2) ESSENTIAL ELEMENTS OF IGERT.—The
2 essential elements of the Foundation’s Integrative
3 Graduate Education and Research Traineeship pro-
4 gram (or any successor thereto) shall be maintained,
5 including—

6 “(A) collaborative research that transcends
7 traditional disciplinary boundaries to solve large
8 and complex research problems of significant
9 scientific and societal importance;

10 “(B) providing students the opportunity to
11 become leaders in the science and engineering
12 of the future; and

13 “(C) that U.S. academic institutions in the
14 United States, its territories, or possessions
15 that grant a Ph.D. degree in science, tech-
16 nology, engineering, or mathematics are eligible
17 to be lead institutions.”.

18 **SEC. 518. STEM EDUCATION PARTNERSHIPS.**

19 Section 9 of the National Science Foundation Au-
20 thorization Act of 2002 (42 U.S.C. 1862n) is amended—

21 (1) in the section heading, by striking “**MATH-**
22 **EMATICS AND SCIENCE**” and inserting “**STEM**
23 **AND COMPUTING**”;

24 (2) in subsection (a)—

1 (A) by striking “mathematics and science”
2 each place it appears and inserting “STEM”;

3 (B) by striking “mathematics or science”
4 each place it appears in and inserting “STEM”;

5 (C) by striking “mathematics, science, and
6 technology” each place it appears and inserting
7 “STEM”;

8 (D) in paragraph (2)(B), by striking
9 “mathematics, science, or engineering” and in-
10 sserting “STEM”;

11 (E) in paragraph (3)—

12 (i) in subparagraph (F), by striking
13 “professional mathematicians, scientists,
14 and engineers” and inserting “STEM pro-
15 fessionals”;

16 (ii) in subparagraph (J), by striking
17 “mathematicians, scientists, and engi-
18 neers” and inserting “STEM profes-
19 sionals”;

20 (iii) in subparagraph (K), by striking
21 “science, technology, engineering, and
22 mathematics” each place it appears and in-
23 sserting “STEM”; and

24 (iv) in subparagraph (M), by striking
25 “mathematicians, scientists, and engi-

1 neers” and inserting “STEM profes-
2 sionals”;

3 (F) in paragraph (5)—

4 (i) by striking “SCIENCE” in the
5 heading and inserting “STEM”;

6 (ii) by striking “science, mathematics,
7 engineering, and technology” each place it
8 appears and inserting “STEM”; and

9 (iii) by striking “science, mathe-
10 matics, engineering, or technology” and in-
11 serting “STEM”;

12 (G) in paragraph (8), by striking “sci-
13 entists, technologists, engineers, or mathemati-
14 cians” and inserting “STEM professionals”;
15 and

16 (H) in paragraph (10)—

17 (i) by striking “science, technology,
18 engineering, and mathematics” each place
19 it appears and inserting “STEM”; and

20 (ii) in subparagraph (A)(ii)(II), by
21 striking “science, technology, engineering,
22 or mathematics” and inserting “STEM”;

23 (3) in subsection (b)—

24 (A) by striking “mathematics and science”
25 each place it appears and inserting “STEM”;

1 (B) in paragraphs (1)(B)(iv), by striking
2 “mathematics, science, engineering, and tech-
3 nology” and inserting “STEM”; and

4 (C) in paragraph (2)(G), by striking
5 “mathematics, science, engineering, and tech-
6 nology” and inserting “STEM”; and

7 (4) by amending subsection (d) to read as fol-
8 lows:

9 “(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

10 “(1) STEM.—The term ‘STEM’ means science,
11 technology, engineering, and mathematics, including
12 computing and computer science.

13 “(2) STEM TEACHER.—The term ‘STEM
14 teacher’ means a science, technology, engineering,
15 mathematics, or computing teacher at the elemen-
16 tary school or secondary school level.

17 “(3) SCIENCE.—In the context of elementary
18 and secondary education, the term ‘science’ includes
19 technology and pre-engineering.”.

20 **Subtitle B—STEM Secondary**
21 **Schools**

22 **SEC. 521. REPORT ON STEM SECONDARY SCHOOLS.**

23 (a) DATABASE.—The Secretary of Education, in co-
24 ordination with the Director of the National Science Foun-

1 dation, shall develop a database to identify existing STEM
2 secondary schools.

3 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date
4 of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Education, in
5 coordination with the Director of the National Science
6 Foundation, shall submit a report to Congress with rec-
7 ommendations on how to replicate existing successful
8 STEM secondary schools.

9 **SEC. 522. FUNDING FOR STEM SECONDARY SCHOOLS.**

10 (a) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to in-
11 crease the number of STEM secondary schools in the
12 United States.

13 (b) PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.—

14 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Education,
15 in coordination with the Director of the National
16 Science Foundation, shall award grants, on a com-
17 petitive basis, to State educational agencies to en-
18 able the State educational agencies to carry out the
19 purposes of this section by establishing or expanding
20 STEM secondary schools.

21 (2) GEOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTION.—The Sec-
22 retary of Education shall award grants under this
23 section in a manner that ensures geographic diver-
24 sity, including awarding grants to State educational
25 agencies serving rural areas.

1 (c) APPLICATION.—A State educational agency desir-
2 ing to receive a grant under this section shall submit an
3 application to the Secretary of Education at such time,
4 in such manner, and containing such information as the
5 Secretary may require.

6 (d) USE OF FUNDS.—A State educational agency re-
7 ceiving funds under this section shall use such funds to
8 award subgrants, on a competitive basis, to local edu-
9 cational agencies in the State to enable the local edu-
10 cational agencies to establish and maintain new STEM
11 secondary schools, which may include repurposing an ex-
12 isting secondary school to become a STEM secondary
13 school.

14 **TITLE VI—INNOVATION**

15 **Subtitle A—Innovation Ecosystems**

16 **SEC. 611. REGIONAL INNOVATION PROGRAM.**

17 (a) LOAN GUARANTEES FOR SCIENCE PARK INFRA-
18 STRUCTURE.—Subsection (d) of section 27 of the Steven-
19 son-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C.
20 3722) is amended—

21 (1) by striking paragraphs (1) and (2) and in-
22 serting the following:

23 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2),
24 the Secretary may guarantee one or more loans for
25 projects for the construction or expansion, including

1 renovation and modernization, of science park infra-
2 structure.

3 “(2) LIMITATIONS.—

4 “(A) TYPE.—In guaranteeing a loan pur-
5 suant to paragraph (1), the Secretary may only
6 guarantee one of the following:

7 “(i) Payment of up to 80 percent of
8 the loan principal.

9 “(ii) Not more than 3 years of debt
10 service payments on the loan.

11 “(B) SIZE.—The maximum amount of
12 loan principal guaranteed under this subsection
13 may not exceed—

14 “(i) \$50,000,000 with respect to any
15 single project; and

16 “(ii) \$300,000,000 with respect to all
17 projects.”;

18 (2) in paragraph (4)—

19 (A) by striking subparagraph (D); and

20 (B) by redesignating subparagraphs (E)
21 through (G) as subparagraphs (D) through (F),
22 respectively;

23 (3) by striking paragraph (7) and inserting the
24 following:

1 “(7) TAX TREATMENT.—Section 149(b) of the
2 Internal Revenue Code of 1986 shall not apply to
3 bonds guaranteed under this subsection.”; and

4 (4) by amending paragraph (8) to read as fol-
5 lows:

6 “(8) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

7 “(A) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized
8 to be appropriated for the cost (as defined in
9 section 661a(5) of title 2) of guaranteeing loans
10 under this section, amounts as follows:

11 “(i) \$7,000,000 for each of fiscal
12 years 2011 through 2013.

13 “(ii) \$7,000,000 for each of fiscal
14 years 2015 through 2019.

15 “(B) AVAILABILITY.—Amounts appro-
16 priated or otherwise made available pursuant to
17 subparagraph (A) shall remain available for
18 guaranteeing loans as described in such sub-
19 paragraph until expended.”.

20 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR RE-
21 GIONAL INNOVATION PROGRAM FOR FISCAL YEARS 2015
22 THROUGH 2019.—Subsection (i) of such section is amend-
23 ed to read as follows:

24 “(i) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Except
25 as provided in subsection (d)(8), there are authorized to

1 be appropriated to carry out this section, other than for
2 loan guarantees under subsection (d), amounts as follows:

3 “(1) \$100,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2011
4 through 2013.

5 “(2) \$25,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2015
6 through 2019.”.

7 (c) REPORT ON REGIONAL INNOVATION CLUS-
8 TERS.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enact-
9 ment of this Act, the Secretary of Commerce shall submit
10 to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transpor-
11 tation of the Senate and the Committee on Energy and
12 Commerce of the House of Representatives a report de-
13 scribing—

14 (1) the achievements of the regional innovation
15 clusters formed or developed with the support of
16 grants awarded under subsection (b)(1) of such sec-
17 tion; and

18 (2) the economic benefits and job creation at-
19 tributable to such regional innovation clusters with,
20 to the extent practical, quantifiable data.

21 **SEC. 612. WORKFORCE STUDIES.**

22 (a) REPORT ON THE STEM WORKFORCE.—

23 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after
24 the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
25 Commerce, in consultation with the Chair of the Na-

1 tional Science and Technology Council Committee on
2 STEM Education, shall conduct a study of current
3 and projected deficiencies in the available STEM
4 workforce.

5 (2) CONTENT.—The study shall include—

6 (A) an assessment of shortfalls in the
7 availability of STEM professionals within the
8 U.S. workforce, currently and as projected over
9 the next decade, with data categorized by indus-
10 try or industry sector, as practicable;

11 (B) an assessment of shortfalls in the
12 availability of STEM professionals within the
13 U.S. workforce, currently and as projected over
14 the next decade, as required to meet the de-
15 mand for STEM professionals within industry,
16 academia, and the Federal Government;

17 (C) an assessment of the most common
18 STEM-skill requirements within industry, aca-
19 demia, and the Federal Government, currently
20 and as projected over the next decade;

21 (D) an identification of—

22 (i) the STEM skills that are most de-
23 ficient in the current and projected avail-
24 able STEM workforce; and

1 (ii) the industries or industry sectors
2 most likely to be affected, over the next
3 decade, by the deficiencies identified under
4 clause (i);

5 (E) priorities for STEM training, as in-
6 formed by the assessments and identifications
7 under this section; and

8 (3) INPUT.—The study shall draw on previous
9 data collection and reports related to STEM work-
10 force needs and deficiencies in the United States, as
11 appropriate.

12 (4) REPORT.—Not later than 540 days after
13 the date enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
14 Commerce shall report to the appropriate commit-
15 tees of Congress the findings of the study, including
16 any recommendations to update the Federal 5-year
17 STEM education strategic plan to minimize current
18 and projected deficiencies, over the next decade, in
19 the available STEM workforce.

20 (b) REPEAL.—Section 303 of the America COM-
21 PETES Reauthorization Act of 2010 (33 U.S.C. 893c)
22 is repealed.

1 **Subtitle B—National**
2 **Nanotechnology Initiative**

3 **SEC. 621. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This subtitle may be cited as the “National Nano-
5 technology Initiative Amendments Act of 2014”.

6 **SEC. 622. FINDINGS.**

7 Congress makes the following findings:

8 (1) The National Nanotechnology Initiative is a
9 multiagency Federal Government research and devel-
10 opment program established in 2001.

11 (2) The Federal Government continues to invest
12 more in nanotechnology research and development
13 than the government of any other single country.

14 (3) As of the date of the enactment of this Act,
15 more than \$18,000,000,000 has been invested in
16 nanoscience and nanotechnology through the Na-
17 tional Nanotechnology Initiative.

18 (4) Of the 20 agencies participating in the Na-
19 tional Nanotechnology Initiative, 11 have budgets
20 for nanotechnology-related research and develop-
21 ment.

22 (5) Research supported by the National Nano-
23 technology Initiative is advancing our fundamental
24 understanding and techniques to enable the meas-

1 urement, manipulation, and control of matter at the
2 nanoscale.

3 (6) In order for United States companies and
4 society to benefit from this research, the National
5 Nanotechnology Initiative needs to support the engi-
6 neering, scale-up, and commercialization of nano-
7 technology-enabled materials, devices, systems, and
8 products.

9 (7) An important achievement of the National
10 Nanotechnology Initiative is the development of an
11 extensive infrastructure of interdisciplinary research,
12 development, and education centers, networks, and
13 user facilities that should be continued, supported,
14 and expanded.

15 (8) The field of nanotechnology is expanding
16 rapidly and is projected to develop closely with other
17 emerging and converging bio and information tech-
18 nologies, creating new science and engineering do-
19 mains and manufacturing paradigms.

20 (9) The United States is the world leader in
21 nanoscience and nanotechnology and the creation of
22 nanotechnology knowledge as measured by the num-
23 ber and quality of scientific papers and patents.
24 However, international indicators, such as foreign
25 government and corporate funding and publications

1 and patent applications, suggest that the United
2 States is facing increasing global competition in
3 nanotechnology.

4 (10) The National Nanotechnology Initiative is
5 making an important contribution to the goal of the
6 United States to be the world leader in research, re-
7 sponsible development, and infrastructure relating to
8 nanotechnology and in the commercialization of
9 nanotechnology.

10 **SEC. 623. ENHANCEMENT OF MANAGEMENT OF NATIONAL**
11 **NANOTECHNOLOGY INITIATIVE.**

12 (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF NANOTECHNOLOGY SIGNA-
13 TURE INITIATIVES; QUADRENNIAL STRATEGIC PLAN.—
14 Section 2 of the 21st Century Nanotechnology Research
15 and Development Act (15 U.S.C. 7501) is amended—

16 (1) in subsection (c)—

17 (A) by redesignating paragraphs (3)
18 through (10) as paragraphs (4) through (11),
19 respectively;

20 (B) by inserting after paragraph (2) the
21 following:

22 “(3) establish nanotechnology signature initia-
23 tives in focused areas of national importance (as de-
24 scribed in subsection (d));”; and

1 (C) by amending paragraph (5), as reded-
2 igned, to read as follows:

3 “(5) develop, not later than 1 year after the
4 date of the enactment of the National Nanotech-
5 nology Initiative Amendments Act of 2014, and up-
6 date not less frequently than once every 4 years
7 thereafter, a strategic plan to guide the Program ac-
8 tivities described under subsection (b) that—

9 “(A) specifies—

10 “(i) the overarching goals for the Pro-
11 gram;

12 “(ii) near-term and long-term objec-
13 tives for the Program; and

14 “(iii) the metrics to be used for as-
15 sessing progress toward such objectives;

16 “(B) describes how the Program will—

17 “(i) allocate funding for interagency
18 nanotechnology projects;

19 “(ii) encourage and support inter-
20 disciplinary research and development in
21 nanotechnology; and

22 “(iii) support the engineering, scale-
23 up, and commercialization of nanotech-
24 nology necessary to move results out of the
25 laboratory and into applications for the

1 benefit of society, including through co-
2 operation and collaboration with nanotech-
3 nology research, development, and tech-
4 nology transition initiatives supported by
5 the States;

6 “(C) includes—

7 “(i) recommendations for research
8 and technology development that could be
9 met through joint industry and government
10 partnership; and

11 “(ii) plans of participating agencies
12 for categorizing and tracking investments
13 in nanotechnology; and

14 “(D) addresses recommendations of the
15 Advisory Panel and the National Research
16 Council concerning the Program;”.

17 (2) by redesignating subsection (d) as sub-
18 section (e);

19 (3) by inserting after subsection (c) the fol-
20 lowing:

21 “(d) NANOTECHNOLOGY SIGNATURE INITIATIVES.—

22 “(1) TEAMS.—The Council shall establish
23 multiagency teams to carry out the nanotechnology
24 signature initiatives established under subsection
25 (c)(3).

1 “(2) JOINT SOLICITATIONS AND COLLABO-
2 RATIVE NETWORKS.—Each team established under
3 paragraph (1) shall encourage joint agency solicita-
4 tions and the establishment of collaborative nano-
5 technology research and development, user facilities,
6 and education networks.”; and

7 (4) in subsection (e), as redesignated by sub-
8 paragraph (B)—

9 (A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1),
10 by striking “Senate Committee on Commerce,
11 Science, and Transportation and the House of
12 Representatives Committee on Science” and in-
13 serting “Committee on Commerce, Science, and
14 Transportation of the Senate and the Com-
15 mittee on Science, Space, and Technology of
16 the House of Representatives”;

17 (B) by redesignating paragraphs (3)
18 through (5) as paragraphs (4) through (6), re-
19 spectively; and

20 (C) by inserting after paragraph (2) the
21 following:

22 “(3) the Program budget for the current fiscal
23 year and the proposed Program budget for the next
24 fiscal year for each nanotechnology signature initia-
25 tive, including a description of each initiative’s re-

1 search goals, strategic plan, expected outcomes for
2 the next fiscal year, and accomplishments;” and

3 (5) by adding at the end the following:

4 “(f) DESIGNATION AS NATIONAL NANOTECHNOLOGY
5 INITIATIVE.—The Program shall also be known as the
6 ‘National Nanotechnology Initiative’.”

7 (b) APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL
8 NANOTECHNOLOGY COORDINATION OFFICE AS COCHAIR
9 OF SUBCOMMITTEE ON NANOSCALE SCIENCE, ENGINEER-
10 ING, AND TECHNOLOGY OF NATIONAL SCIENCE AND
11 TECHNOLOGY COUNCIL.—Section 3 of such Act (15
12 U.S.C. 7502) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
13 lowing:

14 “(d) COCHAIR OF SUBCOMMITTEE ON NANOSCALE
15 SCIENCE, ENGINEERING, AND TECHNOLOGY.—The Direc-
16 tor of the Office of Science and Technology Policy shall
17 appoint the Director of the National Nanotechnology Co-
18 ordination Office as a cochair of the Subcommittee on
19 Nanoscale Science, Engineering, and Technology of the
20 Council.”

21 (c) NANOTECHNOLOGY SIGNATURE INITIATIVE DE-
22 FINED.—Section 10 of such Act (15 U.S.C. 7509) is
23 amended—

1 (1) by redesignating paragraphs (1), (2), (3),
2 (4), (5), and (6) as paragraphs (2), (4), (6), (3),
3 (1), and (7), respectively; and

4 (2) by inserting after paragraph (4), as redesign-
5 nated, the following:

6 “(5) NANOTECHNOLOGY SIGNATURE INITIA-
7 TIVE.—The term ‘nanotechnology signature initia-
8 tive’ means a Program initiative established under
9 section 2(c)(3).”.

10 (d) SENSE OF CONGRESS ON WORKING GROUPS OF
11 THE NATIONAL SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY COUNCIL.—

12 It is the sense of Congress that the National Science and
13 Technology Council should—

14 (1) regularly assess the working groups of the
15 Council to ensure that each working group is serving
16 a useful management and coordination role related
17 to the goals and objectives of the strategic plan of
18 the National Nanotechnology Initiative required
19 under section 2(c)(5) of the 21st Century Nanotech-
20 nology Research and Development Act (15 U.S.C.
21 7501(c)(5)), as amended by subsection (a)(1)(C);

22 (2) redefine or eliminate working groups that
23 are no longer useful and form new working groups
24 as needed;

1 (3) consider creating new working groups in the
2 areas of user facility oversight and coordination and
3 education and workforce development; and

4 (4) consider expanding the charters of the
5 Nanotechnology, Industry Liaison and Innovation
6 Working Group and the Nanotechnology Environ-
7 ment and Health Implications Working Group to en-
8 able the groups to address more broadly cross-agen-
9 cy nanotechnology-related policy issues, such as
10 informatics, modeling and simulation, regulatory
11 science, and instrument development.

12 **SEC. 624. QUADRENNIAL REPORTS BY NATIONAL NANO-**
13 **TECHNOLOGY ADVISORY PANEL.**

14 Section 4(d) of the 21st Century Nanotechnology Re-
15 search and Development Act (15 U.S.C. 7503(d)) is
16 amended to read as follows:

17 “(d) QUADRENNIAL REPORTS.—Not later than 1
18 year after the date on which the National Science and
19 Technology Council develops the strategic plan required
20 under section 2(e)(5) and not less frequently than once
21 every 4 years thereafter, the Advisory Panel shall submit
22 a report to the President and Congress that includes—

23 “(1) the assessments of the Advisory Panel
24 under subsection (c); and

1 “(2) the recommendations of the Advisory
2 Panel for ways to improve the Program.”.

3 **SEC. 625. QUADRENNIAL EXTERNAL REVIEW OF NATIONAL**
4 **NANOTECHNOLOGY INITIATIVE.**

5 Section 5 of the 21st Century Nanotechnology Re-
6 search and Development Act (15 U.S.C. 7504) is amended
7 to read as follows:

8 **“SEC. 5. QUADRENNIAL EXTERNAL REVIEW OF NATIONAL**
9 **NANOTECHNOLOGY PROGRAM.**

10 “(a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the National
11 Nanotechnology Coordination Office shall seek to enter
12 into an arrangement with the National Research Council
13 of the National Academy of Sciences to conduct a quad-
14 rennial review of the Program. The Director shall ensure
15 that the arrangement with the National Research Council
16 is concluded in order to allow sufficient time to comply
17 with the reporting requirements under subsection (c).

18 “(b) SCOPE OF WORK.—The Director shall negotiate
19 with the National Research Council regarding the scope
20 of work to be performed, which shall include—

21 “(1) a review of the research priorities of the
22 Program, including whether the amount and alloca-
23 tion of funding among program component areas
24 and nanotechnology signature initiatives is appro-

1 (1) by redesignating section 10 as section 13;

2 and

3 (2) by inserting after section 9 the following:

4 **“SEC. 10. TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER AND COMMERCIALIZA-**
5 **TION.**

6 “(a) PUBLIC OUTREACH AND EDUCATION.—

7 “(1) BY PARTICIPATING AGENCIES.—The Coun-
8 cil shall encourage agencies participating in the Pro-
9 gram to inform the public about—

10 “(A) the science, technology, and benefits
11 of nanotechnology; and

12 “(B) the commercial products enabled by
13 nanotechnology.

14 “(2) NATIONAL NANOTECHNOLOGY COORDINA-
15 TION OFFICE.—The Director of the National Nano-
16 technology Coordination Office shall inform the pub-
17 lic about the matters described in paragraph (1).

18 “(b) ACCESS TO FACILITIES.—

19 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The Council shall encour-
20 age the head of each agency that participates in the
21 Program and supports a Federally owned or oper-
22 ated nanotechnology research center or designated
23 user facility as part of the Program to provide ac-
24 cess to such center or facility to a representative of

1 industry, academia, or other potential user of such
2 center or facility for the purpose of—

3 “(A) transferring research results;

4 “(B) demonstrating models of nanoscale-
5 or nanotechnology-enabled products or devices;

6 or

7 “(C) demonstrative processes for deter-
8 mining proof of concept.

9 “(2) POLICY.—The head of each agency de-
10 scribed in paragraph (1) shall develop a policy on
11 providing access to the centers and facilities de-
12 scribed in such paragraph, which shall include
13 whether such access necessitates imposing a user
14 fee.

15 “(c) SUPPORT OF STANDARDS DEVELOPMENT.—

16 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The head of an agency par-
17 ticipating in the Program shall support the develop-
18 ment of domestic and international standards for
19 nanotechnology.

20 “(2) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—The head of an
21 agency participating in the Program may reimburse
22 the travel expenses of an employee of the agency
23 who participates in activities relating to development
24 under paragraph (1).”.

1 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
2 gress that—

3 (1) the National Science and Technology Coun-
4 cil should encourage groups in nanotechnology-en-
5 abled industries to participate in developing tech-
6 nology roadmaps and in partnering to address long-
7 term research and development needs;

8 (2) when appropriate, agencies participating in
9 the National Nanotechnology Initiative should use
10 the prize authority granted under section 24 of the
11 Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of
12 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3719) to conduct prize competi-
13 tions in order to spur innovation, solve difficult
14 problems, and advance their core mission; and

15 (3) to the greatest extent practical, agencies
16 participating in the National Nanotechnology Initia-
17 tive that conduct a Small Business Innovation Re-
18 search program or a Small Business Technology
19 Transfer program should—

20 (A) encourage the submission of applica-
21 tions for nanoscience- and nanotechnology-re-
22 lated projects to such programs; and

23 (B) utilize authorities under subsections
24 (cc) and (gg) of section 9 of the Small Business
25 Act (15 U.S.C. 638) to accelerate the commer-

1 cialization of Small Business Innovation Re-
2 search program and Small Business Technology
3 Transfer program nanoscience and nanotech-
4 nology research.

5 **SEC. 627. PUBLICATION OF DATA CONCERNING NANOTECH-**
6 **NOLOGY.**

7 The 21st Century Nanotechnology Research and De-
8 velopment Act (15 U.S.C. 7501 et seq.) is amended by
9 inserting after section 10, as added by section 625(a)(2),
10 the following:

11 **“SEC. 11. PUBLICATION OF DATA.**

12 “The National Nanotechnology Coordination Office
13 shall serve as a central repository to collect, track, analyze,
14 and report data regarding—

15 “(1) the impact of nanotechnology on the
16 United States economy;

17 “(2) publications concerning nanotechnology;

18 “(3) patents relating to nanotechnology;

19 “(4) educational activities relating to nanotech-
20 nology; and

21 “(5) matters concerning the United States
22 workforce and nanotechnology.”.

1 **SEC. 628. NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION EVALUATION**
2 **OF INVESTMENTS OF NATIONAL NANOTECH-**
3 **NOLOGY INITIATIVE IN EDUCATION AND**
4 **WORKFORCE TRAINING.**

5 Not later than 2 years after the date of the enact-
6 ment of this Act, the National Science Foundation, in co-
7 operation with the Secretary of Education and the Sec-
8 retary of Labor and working with the Director of the Na-
9 tional Nanotechnology Coordination Office, shall—

10 (1) evaluate the investments of the National
11 Nanotechnology Initiative in education and work-
12 force training; and

13 (2) submit to Congress a report on the findings
14 of the National Science Foundation with respect to
15 the evaluation carried out under paragraph (1).

16 **SEC. 629. SHARING OF BEST PRACTICES OF CENTERS, NET-**
17 **WORKS, AND USER FACILITIES.**

18 The 21st Century Nanotechnology Research and De-
19 velopment Act (15 U.S.C. 7501 et seq.) is amended by
20 inserting after section 11, as added by section 626, the
21 following:

22 **“SEC. 12. SHARING OF BEST PRACTICES OF CENTERS, NET-**
23 **WORKS, AND USER FACILITIES.**

24 “The Council, working with the Director of the Na-
25 tional Nanotechnology Coordinating Office, shall periodi-
26 cally convene meetings for nanotechnology related centers,

1 networks, and user facilities to share best practices re-
2 garding—

3 “(1) strategic planning;

4 “(2) intellectual property management;

5 “(3) outreach to industry; and

6 “(4) technology demonstration, transfer, and
7 commercialization.”.

8 **SEC. 630. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING ENVIRON-**
9 **MENT, HEALTH, AND SAFETY MATTERS CON-**
10 **CERNING NANOTECHNOLOGY.**

11 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS ON COORDINATION RE-
12 GARDING ENVIRONMENT, HEALTH, AND SAFETY RE-
13 SEARCH RELATING TO NANOTECHNOLOGY.—It is the
14 sense of Congress that the National Science and Tech-
15 nology Council should—

16 (1) coordinate the development by the agencies
17 participating in the National Nanotechnology Initia-
18 tive of performance measures, targets, time frames,
19 cost estimates and available resources for nanotech-
20 nology environment, health, and safety research that
21 align with the research needs of the Initiative, con-
22 sistent with the agencies’ respective statutory au-
23 thorities; and

24 (2) include the information described in para-
25 graph (1) in publicly available reports.

1 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS ON FUNDING CROSS-AGEN-
2 CY ACTIVITIES.—It is the sense of Congress that the head
3 of each agency participating in the National Nanotech-
4 nology Initiative should consider funding cross-agency ac-
5 tivities of the environment, health, and safety program
6 component area, such as partnerships, informatics, regu-
7 latory science, nanotoxicology, models, and instrument de-
8 velopment.